GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2018

"Committed to provide regional economic opportunity and lifestyle choices through provision of a quality water supply by innovative leadership showing environmental responsibility in cooperation with the community, constituent councils and governments"



General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

| Contents | Page |
|---|-----------------------|
| 1. Statement by Councillors and Management | 2 |
| Income Statement Statement of Comprehensive Income Statement of Financial Position Statement of Changes in Equity Statement of Cash Flows | 3 4 5 6 7 |
| 2. Notes to the Financial Statements | 8 |
| 3. Independent Auditor's Reports: | |
| On the Financial Statements (Sect 417 [2])On the Conduct of the Audit (Sect 417 [3]) | 55 58 |

Overview

Goldenfields Water County Council is constituted under the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) and has its principal place of business at:

84 Parkes Street TEMORA NSW 2666

Council's guiding principles are detailed in Chapter 3 of the LGA and includes:

- principles applying to the exercise of functions generally by council,
- principles to be applied when making decisions,
- principles of community participation,
- · principles of sound financial management, and
- principles for strategic planning relating to the development of an integrated planning and reporting framework.

A description of the nature of Council's operations and its principal activities are provided in Note 2(b).

Through the use of the internet, we have ensured that our reporting is timely, complete and available at minimum cost. All press releases, financial statements and other information are publicly available on our website: www.gwcc.nsw.gov.au.

General Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Statement by Councillors and Management

made pursuant to Section 413(2)(c) of the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) (as amended)

The attached General Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) (as amended) and the regulations made thereunder,
- the Australian Accounting Standards and other pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board
- the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, these financial statements:

- present fairly the Council's operating result and financial position for the year,
- accord with Council's accounting and other records.

We are not aware of any matter that would render these statements false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 23 August 2018.

Dennis Palmer Chairman

23 August 2018

David McCann

Deputy Chairman

23 August 2018

Darryl Hancock
General Manager

23 August 2018

lan Graham

Responsible Accounting Officer

23 August 2018

Income Statement

for the year ended 30 June 2018

| Original unaudited | | | A 1 | A |
|--------------------|---|-------|----------------|---------------|
| budget 2018 | \$ '000 | Notes | Actual 2018 | Actua 2017 |
| | | | | |
| | Income from continuing operations | | | |
| | Revenue: | | | |
| 4,812 | Rates and annual charges | 3a | 4,968 | 4,772 |
| 14,214 | User charges and fees | 3b | 16,129 | 13,76 |
| 1,460 | Interest and investment revenue | 3c | 1,500 | 1,37 |
| 92 | Other revenues | 3d | 119 | 14 |
| 198 | Grants and contributions provided for operating purposes | 3e,f | 218 | 11 |
| 985 | Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes Other income: | 3e,f | 2,009 | 870 |
| | Net gains from the disposal of assets | 5 | | 8 |
| 21,761 | Total income from continuing operations | _ | 24,943 | 21,14 |
| | Expenses from continuing operations | | | |
| 5,940 | Employee benefits and on-costs | 4a | 7,028 | 6,34 |
| 2,135 | Materials and contracts | 4b | 2,425 | 1,74 |
| 4,996 | Depreciation and amortisation | 4c | 6,783 | 5,75 |
| 3,477 | Other expenses | 4d | 4,716 | 3,46 |
| | Net losses from the disposal of assets | 5 | 244 | |
| 16,548 | Total expenses from continuing operations | _ | 21,196 | 17,30 |
| 5,213 | Operating result from continuing operations | | 3,747 | 3,84 |
| 5,213 | Net operating result for the year | _ | 3,747 | 3,84 |
| | | | | |
| 5,213 | Net operating result attributable to Council | = | 3,747 | 3,84 |
| | Net operating result for the year before grants and | | | |
| 4,228 | contributions provided for capital purposes | | 1,738 | 2,96 |

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2018

| \$ '000 | Notes | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-------|-------|--------|
| Net operating result for the year (as per Income Statement) | | 3,747 | 3,841 |
| Other comprehensive income: | | | |
| Amounts that will not be reclassified subsequently to the operating re | sult | | |
| Gain (loss) on revaluation of IPP&E Total items which will not be reclassified subsequently | 9 | 5,023 | 40,404 |
| to the operating result | | 5,023 | 40,404 |
| Total other comprehensive income for the year | _ | 5,023 | 40,404 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | _ | 8,770 | 44,245 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to Council | | 8,770 | 44,245 |

Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2018

| \$ '000 | Notes | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|-------|----------|---------------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Current assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 6a | 1,151 | 6,129 |
| Investments | 6b | 12,000 | 27,000 |
| Receivables | 7 | 6,538 | 5,867 |
| Inventories | 8 | 540 | 637 |
| Other | 8 | 40 | 116 |
| Total current assets | - | 20,269 | 39,749 |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Investments | 6b | 36,000 | 14,000 |
| Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment | 9 | 259,936 | 253,898 |
| Total non-current assets | - | 295,936 | 267,898 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 316,205 | 307,647 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Payables | 10 | 1,113 | 919 |
| Income received in advance | 10 | 158 | 777 |
| Borrowings | 10 | 13 | - |
| Provisions Total current lightilities | 11 | 1,801 | 1,605 |
| Total current liabilities | - | 3,085 | 3,301 |
| Non-current liabilities | | 0 | • |
| Payables | 10 | 2 | 2 |
| Provisions Total non-current liabilities | 11 _ | 23 25 | 19 21 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | - | 3,110 | 3,322 |
| Net assets | | 313,095 | 304,325 |
| | = | | |
| EQUITY | | | |
| Accumulated surplus | 12 | 91,357 | 87,610 |
| Revaluation reserves | 12 | 221,738 | 216,715 |
| Total equity | | 313,095 | 304,325 |
| • • | = | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2018

| \$ '000 | Notes | 2018 Accumulated surplus | IPP&E revaluation reserve | Total equity | 2017 Accumulated surplus | IPP&E revaluation reserve | Total equity |
|---|-------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Opening balance | | 87,610 | 216,715 | 304,325 | 83,769 | 176,311 | 260,080 |
| Net operating result for the year prior to correction of errors and changes in accounting policies Net operating result for the year | | 3,747 3,747 | | 3,747 3,747 | 3,841 3,841 | | 3,841 3,841 |
| Other comprehensive income – Gain (loss) on revaluation of IPP&E | 9 | _ | 5,023 | 5,023 | _ | 40,404 | 40,404 |
| Other comprehensive income | _ | _ | 5,023 | 5,023 | _ | 40,404 | 40,404 |
| Total comprehensive income (c&d) | | 3,747 | 5,023 | 8,770 | 3,841 | 40,404 | 44,245 |
| Equity – balance at end of the reporting period | | 91,357 | 221,738 | 313,095 | 87,610 | 216,715 | 304,325 |

Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30 June 2018

| Original unaudited budget | | Actual | Actual |
|---------------------------------|--|---|-----------------|
| 2018 | \$ '000 Notes | 2018 | 2017 |
| | | | |
| | Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| 4.040 | Receipts: | F 000 | 4.004 |
| 4,812 | Annual charges | 5,036 | 4,624 |
| 14,304 1,460 | User charges and fees Investment and interest revenue received | 15,080 1,404 | 13,345 1,337 |
| 1,400 | Grants and contributions | 2,222 | 1,053 |
| 1,200 | Bonds, deposits and retention amounts received | 20 | 1,000 |
| 92 | Other | 1,335 | 159 |
| | Payments: | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | |
| (5,940) | Employee benefits and on-costs | (6,682) | (5,943 |
| (2,275) | Materials and contracts | (3,146) | (2,311 |
| _ | Borrowing costs | _ | _ |
| _ | Bonds, deposits and retention amounts refunded | _ | (7 |
| (3,517) | Other | (5,218) | (3,146 |
| 10,219 | Net cash provided (or used in) operating activities 13b | 10,051 | 9,111 |
| | Cash flows from investing activities Receipts: | | |
| _ | Sale of investment securities | 22,000 | _ |
| 690 | Sale of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment | 781 | 1,621 |
| | Payments: | | |
| (2,000) | Purchase of investment securities | (29,000) | (3,000 |
| (8,764) | Purchase of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment | (8,823) | (5,038 |
| (10,074) | Net cash provided (or used in) investing activities | (15,042) | (6,417 |
| | Cash flows from financing activities Receipts: Nil | | |
| 145 | Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | (4,991) | 2,694 |
| 4,129 | Plus: cash and cash equivalents – beginning of year 13a | 6,129 | 3,435 |
| 4,274 | Cash and cash equivalents – end of the year 13a | 1,138 | 6,129 |
| | Additional Information: | | |
| | plus: Investments on hand – end of year 6b | 48,000 | 41,000 |
| | Total cash, cash equivalents and investments | 49,138 | 47,129 |
| | | , | ,0 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Contents of the notes accompanying the financial statements

| Note | Details | Page |
|-------|---|------|
| 1 | Basis of preparation | 9 |
| 2(a) | Council functions/activities – financial information | 12 |
| 2(b) | Council functions/activities – component descriptions | 13 |
| 3 | Income from continuing operations | 14 |
| 4 | Expenses from continuing operations | 18 |
| 5 | Gains or losses from the disposal of assets | 23 |
| 6(a) | Cash and cash equivalent assets | 24 |
| 6(b) | Investments | 24 |
| 6(c) | Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments – details | 25 |
| 7 | Receivables | 26 |
| 8 | Inventories and other assets | 27 |
| 9 | Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment | 28 |
| 10 | Payables and borrowings | 30 |
| 11 | Provisions | 32 |
| 12 | Accumulated surplus, revaluation reserves, changes in accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors | 34 |
| 13 | Statement of cash flows – additional information | 35 |
| 14 | Commitments for expenditure | 36 |
| 15 | Contingencies and other liabilities/assets not recognised | 37 |
| 16 | Financial risk management | 40 |
| 17 | Material budget variations | 44 |
| 18 | Fair value measurement | 46 |
| 19 | Related party transactions | 49 |
| 20(a) | Statement of performance measures – consolidated results | 51 |
| | Additional council disclosures (unaudited) | |
| 20(b) | Statement of performance measures – consolidated results (graphs) | 53 |

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 1. Basis of preparation

These financial statements were authorised for issue by Council on 23/08/2018.

Council has the power to amend and reissue these financial statements.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Australian Accounting Interpretations, the *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)* and Regulations, and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting. Council is a not-for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing these financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars and are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.

Full dollars have been used in Note 19 Related party disclosures in relation to the disclosure of specific related party transactions.

Unless otherwise indicated, all amounts disclosed in the financial statements are actual amounts.

Specific budgetary amounts have been included for comparative analysis (to actuals) in the following reports and notes:

- Income statement
- Statement of cash flows
- Note 17 Material budget variations

and are clearly marked.

(a) New and amended standards adopted by Council

There have been no new (or amended) accounting standards adopted by Council in this year's financial statements which have had any material impact on reported financial position, performance or cash flows.

(b) Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and certain classes of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment and investment property.

(c) Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Council's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Council and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Council makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 1. Basis of preparation (continued)

of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year include:

- (i) estimated fair values of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment refer Note 9,
- (ii) employee benefit provisions refer Note 11.

Significant judgements in applying the Council's accounting policies

(iii) Impairment of receivables

Council has made a significant judgement about the impairment of a number of its receivables in Note 7.

Monies and other assets received by Council

(a) The Consolidated Fund

In accordance with the provisions of Section 409(1) of the *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)*, all money and other assets received by Council is held in the Council's Consolidated Fund unless it is required to be held in the Council's Trust Fund.

Cash and other assets of the following entities have been included as part of the Consolidated Fund:

General purpose operations (Water Services)

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which that are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority are presented as operating cash flows.

New accounting standards and interpretations issued not yet effective

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the current reporting period and which have not been applied.

As at the date of authorisation of these financial statements, Council does has not yet determined if any of those standards are likely to have a material impact on the Council's future financial statements, financial position, financial performance or cash flows.

Council has not elected to apply any pronouncements before their operative date in these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 1. Basis of preparation (continued)

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2018

AASB 9 Financial Instruments

This replaces AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, and addresses the classification, measurement and disclosure of financial assets and liabilities.

The standard introduces a new impairment model that requires impairment provisions to be based on expected credit losses, rather than incurred credit losses.

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2019

 AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities and AASB 2016-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Australian Implementation Guidance for Not-for-Profit Entities

AASB 15 will replace AASB 118 Revenue, AASB 111 Construction Contracts and a number of Interpretations. AASB 2016-8 provides Australian requirements and guidance for not-for-profit entities in applying AASB 9 and AASB 15, and AASB 1058 will replace AASB 1004 Contributions.

Together they contain a comprehensive and robust framework for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of income including revenue from contracts with customers.

AASB 16 Leases

Council is currently not a party to leases that are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position. If Council engages in leasing in future a liability will need to be included in the Statement of Financial Position once the standard comes into effect.

A corresponding right of use asset will also be recognised over the lease term.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 2(a). Council functions/activities – financial information

| | \$ '000 | Income, expenses and assets have been directly attributed to the following functions/activities. Details of these functions/activities are provided in Note 2(b). | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|--|--------|--------|---|-------|---------------------------|------|--|---------|---------|
| | Functions/activities | | | | Operating result from continuing operations | | I Income from confiniting | | Total assets held (current and non- current) | | |
| | | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| | Water supplies | 24,943 | 21,145 | 21,196 | 17,304 | 3,747 | 3,841 | 144 | 94 | 316,135 | 307,647 |
| ı | Total functions and activities | 24,943 | 21,145 | 21,196 | 17,304 | 3,747 | 3,841 | 144 | 94 | 316,205 | 307,647 |

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 2(b). Council functions/activities - component descriptions

Details relating to the Council's functions/activities as reported in Note 2(a) are as follows:

Water supplies

Council is responsible for water supply functions within the Local Government areas of Bland, Coolamon, Cootamundra (rural only), Junee, Temora and part of Narrandera.

Council also supplies bulk water to Cootamundra (town) and Hilltops Shire Council.

Council does not undertake any other functions.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 3. Income from continuing operations

| \$ '000 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-------|-------|
| (a) Annual charges | | |
| Annual charges (pursuant to s.496, s.496A, s.496B, s.501 & s.611) | | |
| Water availability charges | | |
| Residential | 1,488 | 1,433 |
| - Non-residential | 908 | 874 |
| – Rural | 1,359 | 1,319 |
| - Bulk supplies to councils | 1,366 | 1,318 |
| Less: pensioner rebates (mandatory) | (153) | (172) |
| Total annual charges | 4,968 | 4,772 |
| TOTAL ANNUAL CHARGES | 4,968 | 4,772 |

Accounting policy for annual charges

Annual charges, grants and contributions (including developer contributions) are recognised as revenue when the Council obtains control over the assets comprising these receipts. Developer contributions may only be expended for the purposes for which the contributions were required, but the Council may apply contributions according to the priorities established in work schedules.

Control over assets acquired from annual charges is obtained when the account is raised as it is an enforceable debt linked to the property.

(b) User charges and fees

| Specific user charges (per s.502 – specific 'actual use' charges) | | |
|---|--------|--------|
| Residential | 4,735 | 4,212 |
| Non residential | 2,281 | 2,093 |
| Rural | 3,901 | 3,237 |
| Bulk supplies to councils | 4,502 | 3,953 |
| Total specific user charges | 15,419 | 13,495 |
| Other user charges and fees | | |
| (i) Fees and charges – statutory and regulatory functions (per s.608) | | |
| Connection application fees | 45 | 40 |
| Disconnection fees | 70 | 4 |
| Inspection services | 14 | _ |
| Private works | 296 | 18 |
| Section 603 certificates | 48 | 44 |
| Tapping fees | 153 | 108 |
| Total fees and charges – statutory/regulatory | 626 | 214 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Statewide insurance rebates

TOTAL OTHER REVENUE

Other

Note 3. Income from continuing operations (continued)

| \$ '000 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|------------------|--------|
| (b) User charges and fees (continued) | | |
| (ii) Fees and charges – other (incl. general user charges (per s.608)) | | |
| Leaseback fees – Council vehicles | 84 | 60 |
| Total fees and charges – other | 84 | 60 |
| TOTAL USER CHARGES AND FEES | 16,129 | 13,769 |
| Accounting policy for user charges and fees User charges and fees are recognised as revenue when the service has been p | rovided. | |
| (c) Interest and investment revenue (including losses) | | |
| Interest | | |
| Overdue rates and annual charges (incl. special purpose rates) | 47 | 52 |
| Cash and investments | 1,453 | 1,327 |
| TOTAL INTEREST AND INVESTMENT REVENUE | 1,500 | 1,379 |
| Interest revenue is attributable to: | | |
| Unrestricted investments/financial assets: | | |
| Overdue rates and annual charges (general fund) | 47 | 52 |
| General Council cash and investments | 1,453 | 1,327 |
| Total interest and investment revenue recognised | 1,500 | 1,379 |
| Accounting policy for interest and investment revenue | | |
| Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate at the date that int | erest is earned. | |
| (d) Other revenues | | |
| Rental income – other council properties | 64 | 62 |
| Diesel rebate | 6 | 5 |
| New data networks | 17 | 10 |
| Sale of old materials | 3 | 30 |
| Statecover insurance rebates | 21 | 20 |
| | | _ |

144

6

119

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 3. Income from continuing operations (continued)

Accounting policy for other revenue

Council recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Council and specific criteria have been met for each of the Council's activities as described below. Council bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Miscellaneous sales are recognised when physical possession has transferred to the customer which is deemed to be the point of transfer of risks and rewards.

Other income is recorded when the payment is due, the value of the payment is notified, or the payment is received, whichever occurs first.

| \$ '000 | 2018 Operating | 2017 Operating | 2018 Capital | 2017 Capital |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 4 000 | Operating | Operating | Capitai | Capital |
| (e) Grants | | | | |
| Specific purpose | | | | |
| Pensioners' rates subsidies: | | | | |
| – Water | 84 | 94 | _ | _ |
| Smarter Communities | 60 | | | |
| Total specific purpose | 144 | 94 | _ | _ |
| Total grants | 144 | 94 | | |
| Grant revenue is attributable to: | | | | |
| State funding | 144 | 94 | | |
| | 144 | 94 | | _ |

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 3. Income from continuing operations (continued)

| # 1000 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|
| \$ '000 | Operating | Operating | Capital | Capital |
| (f) Contributions | | | | |
| Cash contributions | | | | |
| LSL contributions from other councils | 74 | 22 | _ | _ |
| Water supplies – headworks contributions | | | 2,009 | 876 |
| Total other contributions – cash | 74 | 22 | 2,009 | 876 |
| Total other contributions | 74 | 22 | 2,009 | 876 |
| Total contributions | 74 | 22 | 2,009 | 876 |
| TOTAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS | 218 | 116 | 2,009 | 876 |

Accounting policy for contributions

Control over grants and contributions is normally obtained upon their receipt (or acquittal) and is valued at the fair value of the granted or contributed asset at the date of transfer.

Where grants or contributions recognised as revenues during the financial year were obtained on condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period and those conditions were un-discharged at reporting date, the unused grant or contribution is disclosed above.

A liability is recognised in respect of revenue that is reciprocal in nature to the extent that the requisite service has not been provided at reporting date.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations

| 4.000 | | |
|--|-------|-------|
| \$ '000 | 2018 | 2017 |
| (a) Employee benefits and on-costs | | |
| Salaries and wages | 4,595 | 4,039 |
| Employee termination costs (where material – other than vested leave paid) | 11 | 62 |
| Travel expenses | 341 | 341 |
| Employee leave entitlements (ELE) | 753 | 599 |
| ELE on-costs | 66 | 64 |
| Superannuation | 851 | 748 |
| Workers' compensation insurance | 102 | 98 |
| Fringe benefit tax (FBT) | 119 | 95 |
| Payroll tax | 283 | 268 |
| Training costs (other than salaries and wages) | 174 | 197 |
| Protective clothing | 43 | 35 |
| Recruitment costs | 96 | 69 |
| Other | 157 | 136 |
| Total employee costs | 7,591 | 6,751 |
| Less: capitalised costs | (563) | (408) |
| TOTAL EMPLOYEE COSTS EXPENSED | 7,028 | 6,343 |
| | | |
| Number of 'full-time equivalent' employees (FTE) at year end | 57 | 53 |

Accounting policy for employee benefits and on-costs

Employee benefit expenses are recorded when the service has been provided by the employee.

Retirement benefit obligations

All employees of the Council are entitled to benefits on retirement, disability or death. Council contributes to various defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans on behalf of its employees.

Superannuation plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense as they become payable. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

Council participates in a Defined Benefit Plan under the Local Government Superannuation Scheme, however, when sufficient information to account for the plan as a defined benefit is not available and therefore Council accounts for its obligations to defined benefit plans on the same basis as its obligations to defined contribution plans, i.e. as an expense when it becomes payable – refer to Note 15 for more information.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations (continued)

| \$ '000 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|---------|---------|
| (b) Materials and contracts | | |
| Raw materials and consumables | 7,825 | 6,018 |
| Contractor and consultancy costs | 93 | _ |
| Local Land Services (GWCC Wildlife Corridor Management) | 36 | 153 |
| Open Spatial (managed services) | 54 | 80 |
| Planet Footprint (electricity monitoring) | 25 | 25 |
| Taggle Systems (data fees) | 84 | 42 |
| Asset Revaluation | 61 | 15 |
| Web site Corporate document | 60 | _ |
| - Business Continuity Plan | 33 | _ |
| -IP&R | 24 | _ |
| Temporary staff costs | 104 | _ |
| Auditors remuneration (1) | 54 | 37 |
| Legal expenses: | | |
| - Legal expenses: debt recovery | 63 | _ |
| Legal expenses: other | 69 | 36 |
| Purchase of water | 80 | 72 |
| Total materials and contracts | 8,665 | 6,478 |
| Less: capitalised costs | (6,240) | (4,737) |
| TOTAL MATERIALS AND CONTRACTS | 2,425 | 1,741 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations (continued)

| \$ '000 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-----------|------|
| (b) Materials and contracts (continued) | | |
| (1) Auditor remuneration | | |
| During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of Council, related practices and non-related audit firms | | |
| Auditors of the Council – NSW Auditor-General: | | |
| (i) Audit and other assurance services | | |
| Audit and review of financial statements | 28 | 27 |
| Remuneration for audit and other assurance services | 28 | 27 |
| Total Auditor-General remuneration | | 27 |
| Non NSW Auditor-General audit firms: | | |
| (ii) Audit and other assurance services | | |
| Audit and review of financial statements | _ | 10 |
| Internal Audit costs | 17 | _ |
| Other audit and assurance services | 9 | |
| Remuneration for audit and other assurance services | 26 | 10 |
| Total remuneration of non NSW Auditor-General audit firms | 26 | 10 |
| Total Auditor remuneration | 54 | 37 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations (continued)

| \$ '000 Notes | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|-------|-------|
| (c) Depreciation, amortisation and impairment | | |
| Depreciation and amortisation | | |
| Plant and equipment | 687 | 645 |
| Office equipment | 91 | 42 |
| Furniture and fittings | 11 | 6 |
| Infrastructure: | | |
| – Buildings – non-specialised | 94 | 121 |
| – Water mains | 3,354 | 3,253 |
| – Reservoirs | 1,394 | 639 |
| Pumping stations | 521 | 626 |
| - Treatment plants | 561 | 371 |
| – Bores | 70 | 55 |
| Total depreciation and amortisation costs | 6,783 | 5,758 |
| | | |
| TOTAL DEPRECIATION, AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT / | | |
| REVALUATION DECREMENT COSTS EXPENSED | 6,783 | 5,758 |

Accounting policy for depreciation, amortisation and impairment expenses

Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation and amortisation are calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives. Useful lives are included in Note 9 for IPPE assets.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite life or are not yet available for use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Impairment losses for revalued assets are firstly offset against the amount in the revaluation surplus for the class of asset, with only the excess to be recognised in the Income Statement.

Impairment of financial assets

Council assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations (continued)

| \$ '000 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-------|-------|
| (d) Other expenses | | |
| Advertising | 92 | 25 |
| Bad and doubtful debts | 1 | _ |
| Bank charges | 11 | 14 |
| Cleaning | 49 | 48 |
| Collection agencies | 71 | 61 |
| Computer software charges | 160 | 68 |
| Members expenses – chairperson's fee | 17 | 15 |
| Members expenses – members fees | 78 | 72 |
| Members expenses (incl. chairperson) – other (excluding fees above) | 19 | 15 |
| Donations, contributions and assistance to other organisations (Section 356) | 278 | 355 |
| Electricity and heating | 3,231 | 2,089 |
| Insurance | 236 | 234 |
| Postage | 57 | 30 |
| Printing and stationery | 61 | 46 |
| Subscriptions and publications | 91 | 93 |
| Telephone and communications | 201 | 242 |
| Council land rates | 38 | 26 |
| Other | 25 | 29 |
| Total other expenses | 4,716 | 3,462 |
| TOTAL OTHER EXPENSES | 4,716 | 3,462 |

Accounting policy for other expenses

Other expenses are recorded on an accruals basis as the Council receives the goods or services.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 5. Gains or losses from the disposal of assets

| \$ '000 | Notes | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-------|----------|----------|
| \$ 000 | Notes | 2010 | 2017 |
| Property (excl. investment property) | 9 | | |
| Proceeds from disposal – property | | 117 | 998 |
| Less: carrying amount of property assets sold/written off | | (93) | (892) |
| Net gain/(loss) on disposal | _ | 24 | 106 |
| Plant and equipment | 9 | | |
| Proceeds from disposal – plant and equipment | | 664 | 623 |
| Less: carrying amount of plant and equipment assets sold/written off | | (763) | (640) |
| Net gain/(loss) on disposal | _ | (99) | (17) |
| Infrastructure | 9 | | |
| Less: carrying amount of infrastructure assets sold/written off | | (169) | _ |
| Net gain/(loss) on disposal | | (169) | _ |
| Financial assets (1) | 6 | | |
| Proceeds from disposal/redemptions/maturities – financial assets | | 22,000 | 17,700 |
| Less: carrying amount of financial assets sold/redeemed/matured | | (22,000) | (17,700) |
| Net gain/(loss) on disposal | | | |
| NET GAIN/(LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF ASSETS | _ | (244) | 89 |

Accounting policy for disposal of assets

The gain or loss on sale of an asset is determined when control of the asset has irrevocably passed to the buyer and the asset is derecognised.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 6(a). Cash and cash equivalent assets

| Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand and at bank | 1 | 979 |
|--|--------|-------|
| Cash-equivalent assets - Deposits at call | 1,150_ | 5,150 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | 1,151 | 6,129 |

Accounting policy for cash and cash equivalents

For Statement of Cash Flow presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand; deposits held at call with financial institutions; other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value; and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position.

Note 6(b). Investments

| \$ '000 | 2018 Current | 2018 Non-current | 2017 Current | 2017 Non-current |
|--|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Investments a. 'Held to maturity' | 12,000 | 36,000 | 27,000 | 14,000 |
| Total investments | 12,000 | 36,000 | 27,000 | 14,000 |
| TOTAL CASH ASSETS, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS | 13,151 | 36,000 | 33,129 | 14,000 |
| Held to maturity investments | | | | |
| Long term deposits | 12,000 | 36,000 | 27,000 | 14,000 |
| Total | 12,000 | 36,000 | 27,000 | 14,000 |

Accounting policy for investments

Classification

Council classifies its financial assets in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss; loans and receivables; held-to-maturity investments; and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and, in the case of assets classified as held-to-maturity, re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

(a) Held to maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that Council's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. Assets in this category are measured at amortised cost.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 6(c). Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments – details

| \$ '000 | 2018 Current | 2018 Non-current | 2017 Current | 2017 Non-current |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Total cash, cash equivalents | | | | |
| and investments | 13,151 | 36,000 | 33,129 | 14,000 |
| attributable to: | | | | |
| External restrictions (refer below) | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Internal restrictions (refer below) | 8,831 | 36,000 | 22,574 | 14,000 |
| Unrestricted | 4,320 | | 10,555 | |
| | 13,151 | 36,000 | 33,129 | 14,000 |
| | | | | |
| \$ '000 | | | 2018 | 2017 |
| Details of restrictions | | | | |
| Internal restrictions | | | | |
| Plant and vehicle replacement | | | 1,005 | 1,200 |
| Infrastructure replacement | | | 37,064 | 31,880 |
| Employees leave entitlement | | | 1,608 | 1,485 |
| Carry over works | | | 3,125 | _ |
| Deposits, retentions and bonds | | | 29 | 9 |
| Sales fluctuation reserve | | _ | 2,000 | 2,000 |
| Total internal restrictions | | - | 44,831 | 36,574 |
| TOTAL RESTRICTIONS | | = | 44,831 | 36,574 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 7. Receivables

| | 2018 | | 2017 | |
|---|---------|-------------|---------|-------------|
| \$ '000 | Current | Non-current | Current | Non-current |
| Purpose | | | | |
| Availability (access) charges | 1,311 | _ | 1,373 | _ |
| Interest and extra charges | 77 | _ | 89 | _ |
| User charges and fees | 3,797 | _ | 3,304 | _ |
| Accrued revenues | | | | |
| Interest on investments | 647 | _ | 539 | _ |
| Deferred developer contributions | 504 | _ | 482 | _ |
| Government grants and subsidies | 99 | _ | 94 | _ |
| Net GST receivable | 115 | _ | _ | _ |
| Other debtors | 4 | | 9 | |
| Total | 6,554 | _ | 5,890 | _ |
| Less: provision for impairment | | | | |
| User charges and fees | (16) | _ | (23) | _ |
| Total provision for impairment – receivables | (16) | _ | (23) | _ |
| TOTAL NET RECEIVABLES | 6,538 | | 5,867 | |
| There are no restrictions applicable to the above assets. | | | | |
| Movement in provision for impairment of receivables | | | 2018 | 2017 |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | | | 23 | 25 |
| + new provisions recognised during the year | | | 14 | _ |
| - amounts already provided for and written off this year | | | (21) | (2) |

Accounting policy for receivables

Recognition and measurement

Balance at the end of the year

Receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current assets. Receivables are included in (Note 7) in the Statement of Financial Position. Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

16

23

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 8. Inventories and other assets

| | 2018 | | 2017 | |
|--------------------------------|---------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| \$ '000 | Current | Non-current | Current | Non-current |
| (a) Inventories | | | | |
| Inventories at cost | | | | |
| Stores and materials | 540 | | 637 | |
| Total inventories at cost | 540 | | 637 | |
| TOTAL INVENTORIES | 540 | | 637 | |
| (b) Other assets | | | | |
| Prepayments TOTAL OTHER ASSETS | 40 | | 116 116 | |

Externally restricted assets

There are no restrictions applicable to the above assets.

Accounting policy

Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods

Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on basis of weighted average costs. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Inventory held for distribution

Inventory held for distribution is held at cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 9. Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

| Asset class | | | | Ass | et movemen | ts during the | reporting pe | riod | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------|--|-----------------|--|
| | | as at 30/6/2017 | | | | | | | | | Davidostias | | as at 30/6/2018 | |
| \$ '000 | Gross carrying amount | Accumulated depreciation and impairment | Net carrying amount | Additions renewals | Additions new assets | Carrying value of disposals | Depreciation expense | Revaluation increments to equity (ARR) | Gross carrying amount | Accumulated depreciation and impairment | Net carrying amount | | | |
| Capital work in progress | _ | _ | _ | 1,213 | 3,680 | _ | _ | _ | 4,893 | _ | 4,893 | | | |
| Plant and equipment | 8,481 | 2,462 | 6,019 | 1,335 | _ | (763) | (687) | _ | 8,884 | 2,980 | 5,904 | | | |
| Office equipment | 495 | 158 | 337 | 215 | _ | _ | (91) | _ | 710 | 249 | 461 | | | |
| Furniture and fittings | 140 | 47 | 93 | _ | _ | _ | (11) | _ | 140 | 58 | 82 | | | |
| Land: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operational land | 2,409 | _ | 2,409 | 95 | _ | (29) | _ | 262 | 2,737 | _ | 2,737 | | | |
| Infrastructure: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings – non-specialised | 5,690 | 1,391 | 4,299 | _ | 659 | (64) | (94) | (178) | 6,574 | 1,952 | 4,622 | | | |
| Water mains | 280,354 | 131,760 | 148,594 | 270 | 279 | _ | (3,354) | 3,830 | 286,837 | 137,218 | 149,619 | | | |
| - Reservoirs | 81,158 | 22,382 | 58,776 | 234 | _ | _ | (1,394) | 1,011 | 82,862 | 24,235 | 58,627 | | | |
| Pumping stations | 21,476 | 7,086 | 14,390 | 416 | _ | (107) | (521) | 47 | 21,927 | 7,702 | 14,225 | | | |
| - Treatment plants | 22,200 | 5,418 | 16,782 | 290 | _ | _ | (561) | 62 | 22,666 | 6,093 | 16,573 | | | |
| - Bores | 2,759 | 560 | 2,199 | 137 | _ | (62) | (70) | (11) | 2,817 | 624 | 2,193 | | | |
| TOTAL INFRASTRUCTURE, | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIP. | 425,162 | 171,264 | 253,898 | 4,205 | 4,618 | (1,025) | (6,783) | 5,023 | 441,047 | 181,111 | 259,936 | | | |

Renewals are defined as the replacement of existing assets (as opposed to the acquisition of new assets).

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 9. Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (continued)

Accounting policy for infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment are held at fair value. Independent valuations are performed at least every five years, however the carrying amount of assets is assessed at each reporting date to confirm that it is not materially different from current fair value.

Water network assets are indexed at each reporting period in accordance with the Rates Reference Manual issued by Crown Lands and Water (CLAW).

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation are credited to the asset revaluation reserve. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognising profit or loss relating to that asset class, the increase is first recognised as profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of assets in the same class are first charged against revaluation reserves directly in equity to the extent of the remaining reserve attributable to the class; all other decreases are charged to the Income Statement.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to Council and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives as follows:

| Plant and equipment | Years | Buildings | Years |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|
| Office equipment | 5 to 10 | Buildings: masonry | 50 to 100 |
| Office furniture | 10 to 20 | Buildings: other | 20 to 40 |
| Computer equipment | 4 | | |
| Vehicles | 5 to 8 | | |
| Heavy plant/road making equipment | 5 to 8 | | |
| Other plant and equipment | 5 to 15 | | |
| Water assets | | | |
| Dams and reservoirs | 80 to 100 | | |
| Bores | 20 to 40 | | |
| Reticulation pipes: PVC | 70 to 80 | | |
| Reticulation pipes: other | 25 to 75 | | |
| Pumps and telemetry | 15 to 20 | | |
| | | | |

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the Income statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 10. Payables and borrowings

| | 20 | 18 | 20 | 017 | |
|---|---------|-------------|---------|-------------|--|
| \$ '000 | Current | Non-current | Current | Non-current | |
| Payables | | | | | |
| Goods and services – operating expenditure | 698 | _ | 636 | _ | |
| Accrued expenses: | | | | | |
| Salaries and wages | 248 | _ | 12 | _ | |
| Employee expense on-costs | 124 | 2 | 136 | 2 | |
| Other expenditure accruals | 14 | _ | 126 | _ | |
| Security bonds, deposits and retentions | 29 | _ | 9 | _ | |
| Total payables | 1,113 | 2 | 919 | 2 | |
| Income received in advance | | | | | |
| Payments received in advance | 158 | _ | 777 | _ | |
| Total income received in advance | 158 | | 777 | _ | |
| Borrowings | | | | | |
| Bank overdraft | 13 | _ | _ | _ | |
| Total borrowings | 13 | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| TOTAL PAYABLES AND BORROWINGS | 1,284 | 2 | 1,696 | 2 | |
| Internally restricted assets | | | | | |
| Security bonds, deposits and retentions | 8 | | 9 | | |
| Payables and borrowings relating to | | | | | |
| internally restricted assets | 8 | | 9 | | |
| Total payables and borrowings relating | | | | | |
| to restricted assets | 8 | _ | 9 | _ | |
| Total payables and borrowings relating to unrestricted assets | 1,276 | 2 | 1,687 | 2 | |
| - | | | | | |
| TOTAL PAYABLES AND BORROWINGS | 1,284 | 2 | 1,696 | 2 | |

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 10. Payables and borrowings (continued)

| \$ '000 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|------|------|
| Financing arrangements | | |
| (i) Unrestricted access was available at balance date to the following lines of credit: | | |
| Bank overdraft facilities (1) | 500 | 500 |
| Credit cards/purchase cards | 80 | 89 |
| Total financing arrangements | 580 | 589 |
| Drawn facilities as at balance date: | | |
| Credit cards/purchase cards | | 15 |
| Total drawn financing arrangements | | 15 |
| Undrawn facilities as at balance date: | | |
| - Bank overdraft facilities | 500 | 500 |
| Credit cards/purchase cards | 80 | 74 |
| Total undrawn financing arrangements | 580 | 574 |

^{1.} The bank overdraft facility may be drawn at any time and may be terminated by the bank without notice.

Accounting policy for payables and borrowings

Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Council prior to the end of financial year that are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 11. Provisions

| | 20 | 2017 | | |
|--------------------|---------|-------------|---------|-------------|
| \$ '000 | Current | Non-current | Current | Non-current |
| Provisions | | | | |
| Employee benefits: | | | | |
| Annual leave | 511 | _ | 577 | _ |
| Long service leave | 1,077 | 22 | 889 | 18 |
| Accrued leave | 55 | _ | _ | _ |
| ELE on-costs | 158_ | 1 | 139 | 1 |
| TOTAL PROVISIONS | 1,801 | 23 | 1,605 | 19 |

(a) Provisions relating to restricted assets

| | 20 |)18 | 2017 | | |
|---|---------------------|-----|---------|-------------|--|
| | Current Non-current | | Current | Non-current | |
| Internally restricted assets Employee benefits | 1,643_ | 22 | 1,466_ | 18_ | |
| Provisions relating to internally restricted assets | 1,643 | 22 | 1,466 | 18 | |
| Total provisions relating to restricted assets Total provisions relating to unrestricted | 1,643 | 22 | 1,466 | 18 | |
| assets | 158_ | 1 | 139 | 1 | |
| TOTAL PROVISIONS | 1,801 | 23 | 1,605 | 19 | |
| | | | | | |
| \$ '000 | | | 2018 | 2017 | |

(b) Current provisions not anticipated to be settled within the next twelve months

The following provisions, even though classified as current, are not expected to be settled in the next 12 months.

| Provisions – employees benefits | 1,271 | 1,184 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | 1,271 | 1,184 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 11. Provisions (continued)

| ¢ | , | n | n | n |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| - A | | u | u | u |

(c) Description of and movements in provisions

| ELE provision | S |
|---------------|---|
|---------------|---|

| 2018 | Annual leave | Sick leave | Long service leave | ELE on- costs | Other employee benefits | Total |
|-----------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| At beginning of year | 577 | _ | 907 | 140 | _ | 1,624 |
| Additional provisions | 316 | _ | 281 | 19 | 55 | 671 |
| Amounts used (payments) | (382) | - | (89) | _ | _ | (471) |
| Total ELE provisions at end | | | | | | |
| of year | 511 | | 1,099 | 159 | 55 | 1,824 |

ELE provisions

| 2017 | Annual leave | Sick leave | Long service leave | ELE on- costs | Other employee benefits | Total |
|-----------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| At beginning of year | 471 | _ | 891 | 103 | _ | 1,465 |
| Additional provisions | 325 | _ | 133 | 74 | _ | 532 |
| Amounts used (payments) | (219) | _ | (117) | (37) | _ | (373) |
| Total ELE provisions at end | | | | | | |
| of year | 577 | _ | 907 | 140 | _ | 1,624 |

Accounting policy for provisions

Provisions are recognised when Council has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 11. Provisions (continued)

Employee benefits

Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave

expected to be wholly settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liability for annual leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits. All other short-term employee benefit obligations are are presented as payables.

Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liability for long service leave and annual leave that is not expected to be wholly settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method.

Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures, and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the end of the reporting period on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position if the Council does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting date, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

Employee Leave Entitlement On-cost

Obligations for payment of superannuation contributions, in the future relating to the accrued leave, has been included as Employee Leave Entitlements On-costs.

Obligations relating to Workers Compensation and Payroll Tax arising from these future payments have been recognised and shown in note 10 payables and Borrowings as Employee Expense Oncosts

Note 12. Accumulated surplus, revaluation reserves, changes in accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors

Nature and purpose of reserves

Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve

The infrastructure, property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve is used to record increments / decrements of non-current asset values due to their revaluation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 13. Statement of cash flows – additional information

| \$ '000 | Notes | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|----------|---------------|---------------|
| (a) Reconciliation of cash assets | | | |
| Total cash and cash equivalent assets Less bank overdraft | 6a 10 | 1,151 (13) | 6,129 |
| Balance as per the Statement of Cash Flows | _ | 1,138 | 6,129 |
| (b) Reconciliation of net operating result to cash provided from operating activities | | | |
| Net operating result from Income Statement | | 3,747 | 3,841 |
| Adjust for non-cash items: | | 6 702 | E 7E0 |
| Depreciation and amortisation | | 6,783 244 | 5,758 (89) |
| Net losses/(gains) on disposal of assets | | 244 | (09) |
| +/- Movement in operating assets and liabilities and other cash items: | | | |
| Decrease/(increase) in receivables | | (664) | (602) |
| Increase/(decrease) in provision for doubtful debts | | (7) | _ |
| Decrease/(increase) in inventories | | 97 | (20) |
| Decrease/(increase) in other assets | | 76 | 37 |
| Increase/(decrease) in payables | | 62 | (43) |
| Increase/(decrease) in other accrued expenses payable | | 124 | (14) |
| Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities | | (611) | 84 |
| Increase/(decrease) in employee leave entitlements | | 200 | 159 |
| Net cash provided from/(used in) | | | |
| operating activities from the Statement of Cash Flows | _ | 10,051 | 9,111 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 14. Commitments for expenditure

| \$ '000 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|------|------|
| Capital commitments (exclusive of GST) | | |
| Capital expenditure committed for at the reporting date but not | | |
| recognised in the financial statements as liabilities: | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | | |
| Plant and equipment | 50 | 381 |
| Design & Construct Reservoirs | 945 | _ |
| Total commitments | 995 | 381 |
| These expenditures are payable as follows: | | |
| Within the next year | 525 | 381 |
| Later than one year and not later than 5 years | 470 | _ |
| Total payable | 995 | 381 |
| Sources for funding of capital commitments: | | |
| Unrestricted general funds | 945 | _ |
| Internally restricted reserves | 50 | 381 |
| Total sources of funding | 995 | 381 |

Details of capital commitments

Tender no 11/2017 Tender no 10/2017 Tender no 01/2018

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 15. Contingencies and other liabilities/assets not recognised

The following assets and liabilities do not qualify for recognition in the Statement of Financial Position, but their knowledge and disclosure is considered relevant to the users of Council's financial report.

LIABILITIES NOT RECOGNISED:

1. Guarantees

(i) Defined benefit superannuation contribution plans

Council participates in an employer-sponsored defined benefit superannuation scheme That is a multi-employer plan.

(a) Funding arrangements, including methodology to determine rate of contributions and any minimum funding arrangements

Pooled Employers are required to pay standard employer contributions and lump sum contributions to the Fund The standard employer contributions were determined using the new entrant rate method under which a contribution The current standard employer contribution rates are:

Division B 1.9 times employee contributions

Division C 2.5% salary

Division D 1.64 times employee contributions

The additional lump sum contributions for each Pooled Employer is a share of the total additional contributions of \$40.0 Million per annum 1 July 2017 for 4 years to 30 June 2021, apportioned according to each employer's share of the accrued liabilities as at 30 June 2017. The additional lump sum contributions are used to fund the deficit of assets to accrued liabilities as at 30 June 2017.

The adequacy of contributions is assessed at each triennial actuarial investigation and monitored annually between triennials.

(b) Extent to which Council may be liable to plan the plan for other entities' obligations under the terms and conditions of the multi-employer plan.

As stated above, each sponsoring employer is exposed to the actuarial risks associated with current and former employees of other sponsoring employers and hence shares in the associated gains and losses. However, there is no relief under the Fund's trust deed for employers to walk away from their defined benefit obligations for employers to walk away from their defined benefit obligations. Under limited circumstances, an employer may withdraw from the plan where there are no active members, on full payment of outstanding additional contributions. There is no provision for allocation of any surplus which may be present at the date of withdrawal of the entity

(c) Description of any agreed allocation of a deficit or surplus on:

i. Wind-up of the plan

There are no specific provisions under the Fund's trust deed dealing with deficits or surplus on wind-up.

ii. entity's withdrawal from the plan

There is no provision for allocation of any surplus which may be present at the date of withdrawal of an employer.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 15. Contingencies and other liabilities/assets not recognised (continued)

(d) Further information relating to reasons for accounting for the pooled employer fund as a defined contribution plan

i. the fact the plan is a defined benefit plan

Council confirms that the plan is a defined benefit plan.

ii. why sufficient information is not available to enable Council to account for the plan as a defined benefit plan.

- 1. Assets are not segregated within the sub-group according to the employees of each sponsoring employer
- 2. The contribution rates have been the same for all sponsoring employers and have not varied for each employer according to the experience relating to the employees of that employer;
- 3. Benefits for employees of all sponsoring employers are determined according to the same formulae and without regard to the sponsoring employer; and
- 4. The same actuarial assumptions are currently used in respect of the employees of each sponsoring employer Given the factors set out above, each sponsoring employer is exposed to the actuarial risks associated with current and former employees of other sponsoring employers and hence shares in the associated gains and lossers (to the extent that they are not borne by the members). As such we do not believe that there is sufficient reliable information to allow each sponsoring employer to account for its proportionate share of the defined benefit obligation, sub-group assets and costs associated with the sub-group in the same way is it would be for a single employer sponsored defined benefit plan

iii. the expected contribution to the plan for the next annual reporting period

The expected contributions by Council to the Fund for the next annual reporting period are \$106,380.00 iv. information about any deficit or surplus in the plan that may affect the amount of future contributions, including the basis used to determine that deficit or surplus and the implications, if any, for the entity The estimated employer reserves financial position for the Pooled Employers at 30 June 2018 is:

| Employer Reserves only* | \$M | Asset Coverage |
|--------------------------|---------|----------------|
| Assets | 1817.8 | |
| Past service Liabilities | 1,787.5 | 101.7% |
| Vested Benefits | 1.778.0 | 102.2% |

^{*} excluding member accounts and reserves in both assets and liabilities

The key economic long term assumptions used to calculate the present value of accrued benefits are:

Investment Return 6.0% per annum Salary inflation (plus promotional increases) 3.5% per annum Increase in CPI 2.5% per annum

The contribution requirements may vary from te current rates if the overall sub-group experience is not in line with the actuarial assumptions in determining the funding program; however, any adjustment to the funding program would be the same for all sponsoring employers in the Pooled Employers.

v. an indication of the level of Council's participation in the plan compared with other participating entities

Council's participation in the Scheme compared with other entities is about 0.31% based on the Council's current level of annual additional contributions against total contributions. The last valuation of the Fund was performed by Mr Richard Boyfield, FIAA on 12 December 2017, relating to the period ending 30 June 2017.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 15. Contingencies and other liabilities/assets not recognised (continued)

(ii) Statewide Limited

Council is a member of Statewide Mutual, a mutual pool scheme providing liability insurance to local government.

Membership includes the potential to share in either the net assets or liabilities of the fund depending on its past performance. Council's share of the net assets or liabilities reflects Council's contributions to the pool and the result of insurance claims within each of the fund years.

The future realisation and finalisation of claims incurred but not reported to 30/6 this year may result in future liabilities or benefits as a result of past events that Council will be required to fund or share in respectively.

(iii) StateCover Limited

Council is a member of StateCover Mutual Limited and holds a partly paid share in the entity.

StateCover is a company providing workers compensation insurance cover to the NSW local government industry and specifically Council.

Council has a contingent liability to contribute further equity in the event of the erosion of the company's capital base as a result of the company's past performance and/or claims experience or as a result of any increased prudential requirements from APRA.

These future equity contributions would be required to maintain the company's minimum level of net assets in accordance with its licence requirements.

2. Other liabilities

(i) Third party claims

The Council is involved from time to time in various claims incidental to the ordinary course of business including claims for damages relating to its services.

Council believes that it is appropriately covered for all claims through its insurance coverage and does not expect any material liabilities to eventuate.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 16. Financial risk management

\$ '000

Risk management

Council's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including (1) price risk, (2) credit risk, (3) liquidity risk and (4) interest rate risk.

The Council's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Council.

Council does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by Council's finance section under policies approved by the Council.

A comparison by category of the carrying amounts and fair values of Council's financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the financial statements is presented below.

| | Carrying value | | Fair v | alue |
|-----------------------------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| Financial assets | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 1,151 | 6,129 | 1,151 | 6,129 |
| Investments | | | | |
| – 'Held to maturity' | 48,000 | 41,000 | 48,000 | 41,000 |
| Receivables | 6,538 | 5,867 | 6,538 | 5,866 |
| Total financial assets | 55,689 | 52,996 | 55,689 | 52,995 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | |
| Bank overdraft | 13 | _ | 13 | _ |
| Payables | 1,115 | 921 | 1,115 | 921 |
| Total financial liabilities | 1,128 | 921 | 1,128 | 921 |

Fair value is determined as follows:

- Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables are estimated to be the carrying value that approximates
 market value.
- **Borrowings** and **held-to-maturity** investments are based upon estimated future cash flows discounted by the current mkt interest rates applicable to assets and liabilities with similar risk profiles, unless quoted market prices are available.
- Financial assets classified (i) 'at fair value through profit and loss' or (ii) 'available-for-sale' are based upon quoted market prices (in active markets for identical investments) at the reporting date or independent valuation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 16. Financial risk management (continued)

\$ '000

Council's objective is to maximise its return on cash and investments whilst maintaining an adequate level of liquidity and preserving capital.

Council's finance area manages the cash and Investments portfolio

Council has an investment policy which complies with the *Local Government Act 1993* and Ministerial Investment Order 625. This policy is regularly reviewed by Council and its staff and a monthly Investment report is provided to Council setting out the make-up and performance of the portfolio as required by Local Government regulations.

The risks associated with the investments held are:

- Price risk the risk that the capital value of Investments may fluctuate due to changes in market prices, whether there changes are caused by factors specific to individual financial instruments or their issuers or are caused by factors affecting similar instruments traded in a market.
- Interest rate risk the risk that movements in interest rates could affect returns and income.
- Credit risk the risk that the investment counterparty will not complete their obligations particular to a financial instrument, resulting in a financial loss to Council – be it of a capital or income nature.

Council manages these risks (amongst other measures) by diversifying its portfolio and only purchasing investments with high credit ratings or capital guarantees.

(a) Market risk – price risk and interest rate risk

The following represents a summary of the sensitivity of Council's Income Statement and accumulated surplus (for the reporting period) due to a change in either the price of a financial asset or the interest rates applicable.

It is assumed that the change in interest rates would have been constant throughout the reporting period.

| | Increase of val | lues/rates | Decrease of values/rates | | |
|--|-----------------|------------|--------------------------|--------|--|
| 2018 | Profit | Equity | Profit | Equity | |
| Possible impact of a 1% movement in interest rates | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 | |
| 2017 | | | | | |
| Possible impact of a 1% movement in interest rates | 471 | 471 | (471) | (471) | |

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 16. Financial risk management (continued)

\$ '000

(b) Credit risk

Council's major receivables comprise (i) annual charges and (ii) user charges and fees.

The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk – the risk that debts due and payable to Council may not be repaid in full.

Council manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing stringent debt recovery procedures. It also encourages consumers to pay their bills by the due date through incentives.

Credit risk on annual charges and consumption is minimised by the ability to secure a charge over the land relating to the debts – that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. Council is also able to charge interest on annual charges and user charges at higher than market rates which further encourages the payment of debt.

There are no significant concentrations of credit risk, whether through exposure to individual customers, specific industry sectors and/or regions.

The level of outstanding receivables is reported to Council quarterly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

Council makes suitable provision for doubtful receivables as required and carries out credit checks on most non-rate debtors.

There are no material receivables that have been subjected to a re-negotiation of repayment terms.

A profile of Council's receivables credit risk at balance date follows:

| | 2018 Rates and | 2018 | 2017 Rates and | 2017 |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|
| | annual | Other | annual | Other |
| | charges | receivables | charges | receivables |
| (i) Ageing of receivables – % | | | | |
| Current (not yet overdue) | 71% | 64% | 68% | 71% |
| Overdue | 29% | 36% | 32% | 29% |
| | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| | | | | |
| (ii) Ageing of receivables – value | | | 2018 | 2017 |
| Rates and annual charges | | | | |
| Current | | | 1,079 | 1,126 |
| < 1 year overdue | | | 132 | 137 |
| 1 – 2 years overdue | | | 39 | 110 |
| 2 – 5 years overdue | | | 61 | _ |
| | | | 1,311 | 1,373 |
| Other receivables | | | , | , |
| Current | | | 4,224 | 3,523 |
| 0 – 30 days overdue | | | 656 | 678 |
| 31 – 60 days overdue | | | _ | 316 |
| > 91 days overdue | | | 363 | _ |
| 2 of days of ordinate | | | 5,243 | 4,517 |
| | | | | ., |

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 16. Financial risk management (continued)

\$ '000

(c) Liquidity risk

Payables and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk – the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due.

Council manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer.

Payment terms can (in extenuating circumstances) also be extended and overdraft facilities utilised as required.

Borrowings are also subject to interest rate risk – the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs and debt servicing requirements. Council manages this risk by borrowing long term and fixing the interest rate on a 4-year renewal basis. The Finance Section regularly reviews interest rate movements to determine if it would be advantageous to refinance or renegotiate part or all of the loan portfolio.

The contractual undiscounted cash outflows (ie. principal and interest) of Council's payables and borrowings are set out in the maturity table below:

| \$ '000 | Subject | | | | Total | Actual |
|-----------------------------|----------|----------|-------------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | to no | | payable in: | | cash | carrying |
| | maturity | ≤ 1 Year | 1 – 5 Years | > 5 Years | outflows | values |
| 2018 | | | | | | |
| Bank overdraft | 13 | - | - | - | 13 | 13 |
| Trade/other payables | 29 | 1,112 | | | 1,141 | 1,115 |
| Total financial liabilities | 42 | 1,112 | | | 1,154 | 1,128 |
| 2017 | | | | | | |
| Trade/other payables | 9_ | 912 | | | 921 | 921 |
| Total financial liabilities | 9 | 912 | _ | _ | 921 | 921 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 17. Material budget variations

\$ '000

Council's original financial budget for 17/18 was adopted by the Council on 29 June 2017 and is not required to be audited.

While the Income Statement included in this General Purpose Financial Report must disclose the original budget adopted by Council, the *Local Government Act* 1993 requires Council to review its financial budget on a quarterly basis, so that it is able to manage the various variations between actuals versus budget that invariably occur throughout the year.

This note sets out the details of **material variations** between Council's original budget and its actual results for the year as per the Income Statement – even though such variations may have been adjusted for during each quarterly budget review.

Note that for variations* of budget to actual:

Material variations represent those variances that amount to **10%** or more of the original budgeted figure.

F = Favourable budget variation, **U** = Unfavourable budget variation

| 4,968 | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| 4,968 | | | |
| | 156 | 3% | F |
| 16,129 | 1,915 | 13% | F |
| e increases from p | orior year. | | |
| 1,500 | 40 | 3% | F |
| 119 | 27 | 29% | F |
| stimated \$17K | | | |
| 218 | 20 | 10% | F |
| 67K | | | |
| imate overstated | oy \$40K | | |
| | 1,024 | 104% | F |
| | z,009 | timate overstated by \$40K | 2,009 1,024 104% |

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 17. Material budget variations (continued)

| \$ '000 | 2018 Budget | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|------|--|
| EXPENSES | | | | | | |
| Employee benefits and on-costs | 5,940 | 7,028 | (1,088) | (18%) | U | |
| Accrued wages for \$219K, recognition of accrued | leave \$55K, Increase | ed superannuation | on \$100K, und | ler estimate | due | |
| internal eliminations \$528K, new positions during | year approx \$200K, p | payroll tax \$40K | higher than or | iginal estim | ate. | |
| Materials and contracts | 2,135 | 2,425 | (290) | (14%) | U | |
| Additional private works \$22K, Temp staff costs \$ | \$104K | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 4,996 | 6,783 | (1,787) | (36%) | U | |
| Due to revaluation in 16/17 effecting actual depre | ciation charges for 17 | 7/18 | | | | |
| Other expenses | 3,477 | 4,716 | (1,239) | (36%) | U | |
| Electricity costs increased during the year relating | to higher demand us | age and a new | supply contrac | et price | | |
| Net losses from disposal of assets | _ | 244 | (244) | 0% | U | |
| Original estimate did not include any estimates fo | r disposal of assets. | | | | | |
| Budget variations relating to Council's Cash | n Flow Statement in | clude: | | | | |
| Cash flows from operating activities | 10,219 | 10,051 | (168) | (1.6%) | U | |
| Cash flows from investing activities | (10,074) | (15,042) | (4,968) | 49.3% | U | |
| Transfer of \$5m to long term investments. | | | | | | |

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 18. Fair value measurement

\$ '000

The Council measures the following asset and liability classes at fair value on a recurring basis:

Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

The fair value of assets and liabilities must be estimated in accordance with various accounting standards for either recognition and measurement requirements or for disclosure purposes.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires all assets and liabilities measured at fair value to be assigned to a 'level' in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

- **Level 1:** Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- **Level 2:** Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

(1) The following table presents all assets and liabilities that have been measured and recognised at fair values:

| | | Fair value m | neasuremen | t hierarchy | |
|---|-----------|--------------|-------------|--------------|---------|
| 2018 | | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| | Date | Quoted | Significant | Significant | |
| Recurring fair value measurements | of latest | prices in | observable | unobservable | |
| | valuation | active mkts | inputs | inputs | |
| Infrastructure, property, plant and equipmen | t | | | | |
| Plant and Equipment | variuos | _ | _ | 5,904 | 5,904 |
| Office Equipment | various | _ | _ | 461 | 461 |
| Furniture and Fittings | various | _ | _ | 82 | 82 |
| Operational Land | 30/06/18 | _ | 2,737 | _ | 2,737 |
| Buildings - Non Specialised | 30/06/18 | _ | 4,622 | _ | 4,622 |
| Water Mains | 30/06/17 | _ | _ | 149,619 | 149,619 |
| Reservoirs | 30/06/17 | _ | _ | 58,627 | 58,627 |
| Pumping Stations | 30/06/17 | _ | _ | 14,225 | 14,225 |
| Treatment Plants | 30/06/17 | _ | _ | 16,573 | 16,573 |
| Bores | 30/06/17 | _ | _ | 2,193 | 2,193 |
| | n/a | | | | |
| Total infrastructure, property, plant and equipment | | | 7,359 | 247,684 | 255,043 |
| 2017 | | | | | |
| Infrastructure, property, plant and equipmen | t | | | | |
| Plant and Equipment | Various | _ | _ | 6,019 | 6,019 |
| Office Equipment | Various | _ | _ | 337 | 337 |
| Furniture and Fittings | Various | _ | _ | 93 | 93 |
| Operational Land | 30/06/08 | _ | 2,409 | _ | 2,409 |
| Buildings - Non Specialised | 30/06/12 | _ | 4,299 | _ | 4,299 |
| Water Mains | 30/06/17 | _ | _ | 148,594 | 148,594 |
| Reservoirs | 30/06/17 | _ | _ | 58,776 | 58,776 |
| Pumping Stations | 30/06/17 | _ | _ | 14,390 | 14,390 |
| Treatment Plants | 30/06/17 | _ | _ | 16,782 | 16,782 |
| Bores | 30/06/17 | | | 2,199 | 2,199 |
| Total infrastructure, property, plant and equi | pment | | 6,708 | 247,190 | 253,898 |
| | | | | | |

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 18. Fair value measurement (continued)

\$ '000

(2) Transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value hierarchies

During the year, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value hierarchies for recurring fair value measurements.

(3) Valuation techniques used to derive level 2 and level 3 fair values

Where Council is unable to derive fair valuations using quoted market prices of identical assets (ie. level 1 inputs) Council instead utilises a spread of both observable inputs (level 2 inputs) and unobservable inputs (level 3 inputs).

The fair valuation techniques Council has employed while utilising level 2 and level 3 inputs are as follows:

Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (IPP&E)

Plant & Equipment, Office Equipment and Furniture & Fittings

Plant & Equipment, Office Equipment and Furniture & Fittings are valued at depreciated historical cost.

The carrying amount of these assets approximates fair value due to the nature of the items. Council values Plant & Equipment, Office Equipment and Furniture & Fittings using unobservable Level 3 inputs including gross historical cost, estimated useful life of the asset and residual value.

Land - Operational

This asset class comprises of all of Council's land classified as Operational Land under the NSW Local Government Act 1993.

Land was revalued as at 30 June 2018 by Asset Val Pty Ltd

Where direct comparable sales evidence is used to value a parcel of land it is classed as a Level 2 input.

Buildings - Non Specialised

Buildings were valued at 30 June 2018 by Asset Val Pty Ltd.

Where direct comparable sales evidence is available the building is valued using observable Level 2 inputs.

Water Infrastructure

This asset class comprises of water mains, reservoirs, pumping stations, treatment plants & bores.

These asset classes were valued by Australis Pty Ltd as at 30 June 2017 using data unobservable in the market.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 18. Fair value measurement (continued)

\$ '000

(4). Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

a. The following tables present the changes in level 3 fair value asset classes.

| | IPP&E | Total |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Opening balance – 1/7/16 | 208,924 | 208,924 |
| Purchases (GBV) Disposals (WDV) Depreciation and impairment FV gains – other comprehensive income | 4,136 (639) (5,635) 40,404 | 4,136 (639) (5,635) 40,404 |
| Closing balance – 30/6/17 | 247,190 | 247,190 |
| Purchases (GBV) Disposals (WDV) Depreciation and impairment FV gains – other comprehensive income | 3,176 (932) (6,689) 4,939 | 3,176 (932) (6,689) 4,939 |
| Closing balance – 30/6/18 | 247,684 | 247,684 |

(5). Highest and best use

All of Council's non-financial assets are considered as being utilised for their highest and best use.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 19. Related party transactions

\$ '000

a. Key management personnel

Key management personnel (KMP) of the Council are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the council, directly or indirectly.

The aggregate amount of KMP compensation included in the Income Statement is:

| Compensation: | 2018 | 2017 |
|--------------------------|------|------|
| Short-term benefits | 689 | 555 |
| Post-employment benefits | 73 | 59 |
| Other long-term benefits | 166 | 10 |
| Termination benefits | 46 | 5 |
| Total | 974 | 629 |

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 19. Related party transactions (continued)

b. Other transactions with KMP and their related parties

Council has determined that transactions at arm's length between KMP and Council as part of Council delivering a public service objective (e.g. access to library or Council swimming pool by KMP) will not be disclosed.

| Nature of the transaction | Value of transactions during year | 3 | Terms and conditions | Provisions for doubtful debts | Doubtful debts expense |
|---|---|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | commitments) | | outstanding | recognised |
| 2018 Ref | Actual \$ | Actual \$ | | Actual \$ | Actual \$ |
| Supply and Service of Council vehicles | 709,000 | - | 28-day terms on invoices | - | - |
| 2017 Supply and Service of Council Vehicles | 683,000 | 53,000 | 28-day terms on invoices | - | _ |

¹ Council purchased vehicles during the year from a company which has a member of Council's KMP as a director. The contract of supply of Council vehicles was awarded through a competitve tender process. Amounts were due payable under normal payment terms following procurement processes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 20(a). Statement of performance measures – consolidated results

| \$ '000 | Amounts 2018 | Indicator 2018 | Prior p 2017 | periods 2016 | Benchmark |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Local government industry indicators – co | nsolidated | | | | |
| Operating performance ratio Total continuing operating revenue (1) excluding capital grants and contributions less operating expenses Total continuing operating revenue (1) excluding capital grants and contributions | 1,982 22,934 | 8.64% | 14.25% | 26.77% | > 0.00% |
| 2. Own source operating revenue ratio Total continuing operating revenue (1) excluding all grants and contributions Total continuing operating revenue (1) | 22,716 24,943 | 91.07% | 95.29% | 93.58% | > 60.00% |
| 3. Unrestricted current ratio Current assets less all external restrictions (2) Current liabilities less specific purpose liabilities (3, 4) | 20,269 1,827 | 11.09x | 18.78x | 4.67x | > 1.5x |
| 4. Debt service cover ratio Operating result (1) before capital excluding interest and depreciation/impairment/amortisation Principal repayments (Statement of Cash Flows) plus borrowing costs (Income Statement) | <u>8,765</u> – | 0.00x | 0.00x | 0.00x | > 2x |
| 5. Rates, annual charges, interest and extra charges outstanding percentage Rates, annual and extra charges outstanding Rates, annual and extra charges collectible | 1,388 6,477 | 21.43% | 23.84% | 22.55% | < 10% regional & rural |
| 6. Cash expense cover ratio Current year's cash and cash equivalents plus all term deposits Payments from cash flow of operating and financing activities | 49,151 1,254 | 39.20 mths | 49.6 mths | 49.4 mths | > 3 mths |

Notes

Also excludes any real estate and land for resale not expected to be sold in the next 12 months.

⁽¹⁾ Excludes fair value adjustments and reversal of revaluation decrements, net gain/(loss) on sale of assets and the net share of interests in joint ventures and associates.

⁽²⁾ Refer Notes 6-8 inclusive.

⁽³⁾ Refer to Notes 10 and 11.

⁽⁴⁾ Refer to Note 10(b) and 11(b) – excludes all payables and provisions not expected to be paid in the next 12 months (incl. ELE).

END OF AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 20(b). Statement of performance measures – consolidated results (graphs)



Purpose of operating performance ratio

This ratio measures Council's achievement of containing operating expenditure within operating revenue.

Commentary on 2017/18 result

2017/18 ratio 8.64%

The 2 major contributors to the deterioration of the ratio relates to an increase in electricity costs of > 100% and a significant increase in depreciation costs relating to the revaluation of assets in 16/17.



Source for benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #26



Ratio achieves benchmark Ratio is outside benchmark



Purpose of own source operating revenue ratio

This ratio measures fiscal flexibility. It is the degree of reliance on external funding sources such as operating grants and contributions.

Commentary on 2017/18 result

2017/18 ratio 91.07%

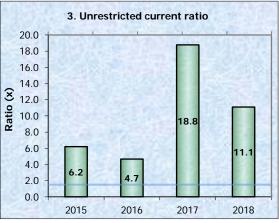
The majority of revenue received is from customers with very little grants and developer contributions received.

Benchmark: ——— Minimum >=60.00%

Source for benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #26



Ratio achieves benchmark
Ratio is outside benchmark



Purpose of unrestricted current ratio

To assess the adequacy of working capital and its ability to satisfy obligations in the short term for the unrestricted activities of Council.

Commentary on 2017/18 result

2017/18 ratio 11.09x

This ratio has been impacted by the decision to place invested money on long term investments and reduced short term investments to achieve a better return on investments.

Benchmark: ——— Minimum >=1.50

Source for benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #26

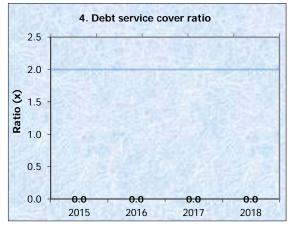


Ratio achieves benchmark
Ratio is outside benchmark

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 20(b). Statement of performance measures - consolidated results (graphs)



Purpose of debt service cover ratio

This ratio measures the availability of operating cash to service debt including interest, principal and lease payments Commentary on 2017/18 result

2017/18 ratio 0.00x

No loan borrowings

Benchmark:

Minimum >=2.00

Source for benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #26



Ratio achieves benchmark Ratio is outside benchmark



Purpose of rates and annual charges outstanding ratio

To assess the impact of uncollected rates and annual charges on Council's liquidity and the adequacy of recovery efforts.

Commentary on 2017/18 result

2017/18 ratio 21.43%

As the final quarterly billing is not carried out until 30 June there is usually around one quarter of debt outstanding as it is not due to be paid until the next financial year.

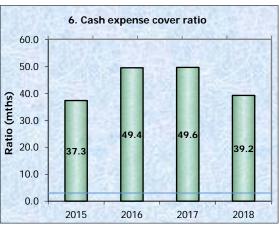
Benchmark:

Maximum <10.00%

Source for Benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #26



Ratio is within Benchmark
Ratio is outside Benchmark



Purpose of cash expense cover ratio

This liquidity ratio indicates the number of months a Council can continue paying for its immediate expenses without additional cash inflow.

Commentary on 2017/18 result

2017/18 ratio 39.20 mths

There are significant funds being held in order to replace infrastructure when required.

Benchmark: ——— Minimum >=3.00

Source for benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #26



Ratio achieves benchmark
Ratio is outside benchmark



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the general purpose financial report Goldenfields Water County Council

To the Councillors of the Goldenfields Water County Council

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial report of the Goldenfields Water County Council (the Council), which comprise the Income Statement and Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2018, the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2018, the Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Statement by Councillors and Management.

In my opinion,

- the Council's accounting records have been kept in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1993, Chapter 13, Part 3, Division 2 (the Division)
- the financial report:
 - has been presented, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements of this Division
 - is consistent with the Council's accounting records
 - presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Council as at 30 June 2018, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards
- all information relevant to the conduct of the audit has been obtained
- no material deficiencies in the accounting records or financial report have come to light during the audit

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under the standards are described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report' section of my report.

I am independent of the Council in accordance with the requirements of the:

- Australian Auditing Standards
- Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 'Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants' (APES 110).

I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with APES 110.

Parliament promotes independence by ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of councils
- precluding the Auditor-General from providing non-audit services.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Other Information

Other information comprises the information included in the Council's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2018, other than the financial report and my Independent Auditor's Report thereon. The Councillors are responsible for the other information. At the date of this Independent Auditor's Report, the other information I have received comprise the special purpose financial statements.

My opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information. Accordingly, I do not express any form of assurance conclusion on the other information. However, as required by the *Local Government Act 1993*, I have separately expressed an opinion on the special purpose financial statements.

In connection with my audit of the financial report, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude there is a material misstatement of the other information, I must report that fact.

I have nothing to report in this regard.

The Councillors' Responsibilities for the Financial Report

The Councillors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Local Government Act 1993*, and for such internal control as the Councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Councillors are responsible for assessing the Council's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting except where the Council will be dissolved or amalgamated by an Act of Parliament, or otherwise cease operations.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

My objectives are to:

- obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- issue an Independent Auditor's Report including my opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions users take based on the financial report.

A description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. The description forms part of my auditor's report.

My opinion does *not* provide assurance:

- that the Council carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- on the Original Budget information included in the Income Statement, Statement of Cash Flows, and Note 17 Material budget variations
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited financial report on any website where it may be presented
- about any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial report.

Yn Jiag

Reiky Jiang Director, Financial Audit Services

11 October 2018 SYDNEY



Cr Dennis Palmer Chairperson Goldenfields Water County Council PO Box 220 TEMORA NSW 2666

Contact: Reiky Jiang
Phone no: 02 9275 7100
Our ref: D1824581/1819

11 October 2018

Dear Cr Palmer

Report on the Conduct of the Audit for the year ended 30 June 2018 Goldenfields Water County Council

I have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Goldenfields Water County Council (the Council) for the year ended 30 June 2018 as required by section 415 of the *Local Government Act* 1993 (the Act).

I expressed an unmodified opinion on the Council's general purpose financial statements.

This Report on the Conduct of the Audit (the Report) for the Council for the year ended 30 June 2018 is issued in accordance with section 417 of the Act. This Report should be read in conjunction with my audit opinion on the general purpose financial statements issued under section 417(2) of the Act.



INCOME STATEMENT

Operating result

| | 2018 | 2017 | Variance |
|---|--------|--------|----------|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | % |
| Rates and annual charges revenue | 4,968 | 4,772 | 4.1 |
| User Charges and fees | 16,129 | 13,769 | 17.1 |
| Grants and contributions revenue | 2,227 | 992 | 124.5 |
| Operating result for the year | 3,747 | 3,841 | 2.4 |
| Net operating result before capital amounts | 1,738 | 2,965 | 41.4 |

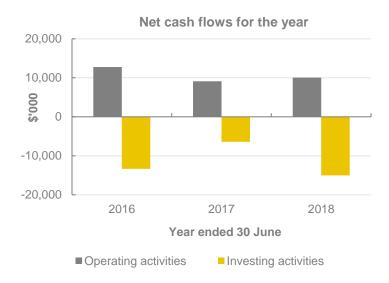
The following comments are made in respect of Council's operating result for the year:

- The Council's operating result for the year was a surplus of \$3.75 million (\$3.84 million for the year ended 30 June 2017). The Council budgeted for a surplus of \$5.21 million.
- The Council's net operating result before capital grants and contributions was a surplus of \$1.74 million (\$2.97 million for the year ended 30 June 2017). The decrease of \$1.23 million from the 2016–17 result was mainly due to an increase in expenses from continuing operations.
- User charges and fees increased by \$2.36 million (17.1%) to \$16.13 million. The increase can
 be attributed to the dry and hot weather over the summer period which resulted in higher water
 sales (specific actual use charges) and bulk water sales to Councils compared to the previous
 year.
- Rates and annual charges revenue increased by \$196 thousand (4.1%) to \$4.97 million.
- Grants and contributions revenue increased by \$1.24 million (124.5%) to \$2.23 million due to higher than anticipated water supplies - augmentation contributions largely from the Manadamah development stage 1.
- Council's depreciation and amortisation expense increased by \$1.03 million to \$6.78 million (\$5.75 million for the year ended 30 June 2017). The increase can be attributed to the revaluation of infrastructure assets in the 2016–17 financial year.



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

- Council recorded a net decrease in cash and cash equivalents of \$4.99 million at 30 June 2018 (net increase of \$2.69 million at 30 June 2017).
- Net cash provided by operating activities amounted to \$10.05 million. Council recorded cash receipts from rates and annual charges of \$5.04 million and user fees and charge of \$15.08 million. Council recorded \$6.68 million of cash payments for employee benefits and oncosts and \$3.15 million for materials and contracts.
- Net cash used in investing activities amounted to \$15.04 million. This is largely due to the net cash outflow of \$8.82 million for the purchase of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment and the net purchase of investment securities of \$7 million during the year.



FINANCIAL POSITION

Cash and Investments

| Cash and Investments | 2018 | 2017 | Commentary |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|---|
| | \$'000 | \$'000 | |
| External restrictions | - | - | Internally restricted cash and investments have |
| Internal restrictions | 44,831 | 36,574 | been restricted in their use by resolution or policy of Council to reflect identified programs of works |
| Unrestricted | 4,329 | 10,555 | and any forward plans identified by Council. The |
| Cash and investments | 49,151 | 47,129 | movement in the internally restricted cash balance is predominantly due to an increase in infrastructure replacement restrictions and carry over works. |
| | | | Unrestricted cash has decreased due to the increase in internal restrictions from the prior year explained above. |

Debt

Council maintains a bank overdraft facility of \$0.5 million. As at 30 June 2018, Council has reported a bank overdraft of \$13 thousand at 30 June 2018 (2016: \$nil).

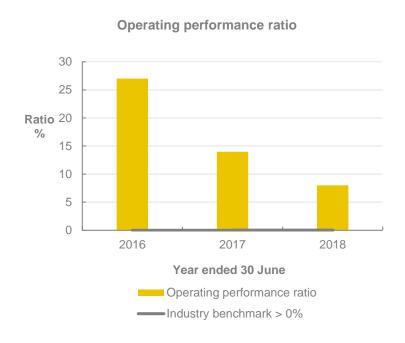


PERFORMANCE RATIOS

The definition of each ratio analysed below (except for the 'building and infrastructure renewals ratio') is included in Note 20 of the Council's audited general purpose financial statements. The 'building and infrastructure renewals ratio' is defined in Council's Special Schedule 7 which has not been audited.

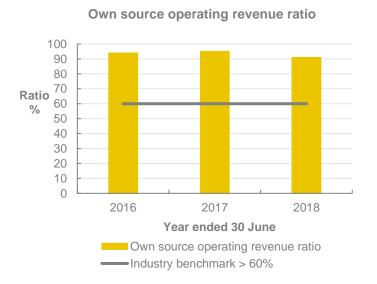
Operating performance ratio

- The 'operating performance ratio' measures how well Council contained operating expenditure within operating revenue (excluding capital grants and contributions, fair value adjustments, and reversal of revaluation decrements). The benchmark set by the Office of Local Government (OLG) is greater than 0%.
- The operating performance ratio of 8.64% is above the industry benchmark of greater than 0%.
- The operating performance ratio decreased to 8.64% (2017: 14.25%) predominately due to an increase in electricity expenses and an increase in depreciation from the 2017 valuation of infrastructure assets.



Own source operating revenue ratio

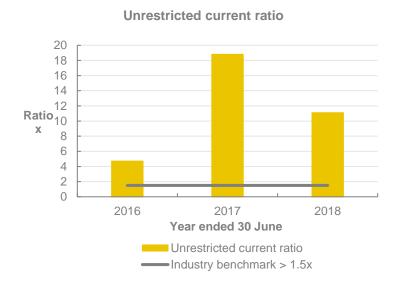
- The 'own source operating revenue ratio' measures Council's fiscal flexibility and the degree to which it relies on external funding sources such as operating grants and contributions. The benchmark set by OLG is greater than 60%.
- The Council's own source operating revenue ratio of 91.07% is above the industry benchmark of 60 per cent.
- The own source operating revenue ratio decreased to 91.07% (2017: 95.29%) due to the relative increase in grants and contributions during 2017-18.
- Council has met this benchmark as its main source of income is from water sales, rather than reliance on operating grants and contributions.





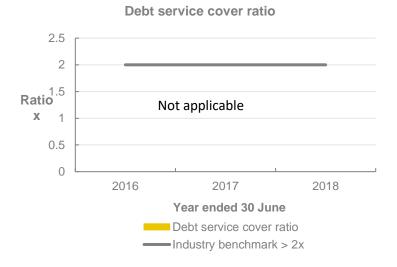
Unrestricted current ratio

- The 'unrestricted current ratio' is specific to local government and represents Council's ability to meet its short-term obligations as they fall due. The benchmark set by OLG is greater than 1.5 times.
- The Council's liquidity ratio of 11.09 times is greater than the industry benchmark set by OLG.
- The decrease in the ratio compared with prior year is due to a decrease in cash holdings impacted by a decision to place cash with longer term investments to achieve a better return.
- Overall, this ratio indicates that Council has sufficient liquidity to meet its current liabilities as and when they fall due.



Debt service cover ratio

- The 'debt service cover ratio' measures the operating cash to service debt including interest, principal and lease payments.
 The benchmark set by OLG is greater than two times.
- Council has a bank overdraft of \$13 thousand at 30 June 2018.





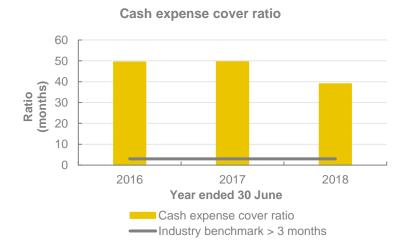
Rates and annual charges outstanding ratio

- The 'rates and annual charges outstanding ratio' assesses the impact of uncollected rates and annual charges on Council's liquidity and the adequacy of debt recovery efforts. The benchmark set by OLG is less than 10% for regional and rural councils.
- The Council's rates and annual charges outstanding ratio of 21.43% is outside the industry benchmark of less than 10 per cent for rural councils.
- Council continues to remain outside this benchmark and the result remains consistent with the prior periods due to rolling quarterly billing arrangements.
- The billing cycle of water county councils needs to be considered when assessing this ratio against other Councils.



Cash expense cover ratio

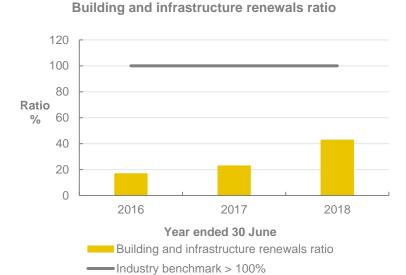
- This liquidity ratio indicates the number of months the Council can continue paying for its immediate expenses without additional cash inflow. The benchmark set by OLG is greater than three months.
- Council has performed comfortably above the benchmark in both the current and prior periods, indicating a strong liquidity position.





Building and infrastructure renewals ratio (unaudited)

- The 'building and infrastructure renewals ratio assesses the rate at which these assets are being renewed against the rate at which they are depreciating. The benchmark set by OLG is greater than 100 per cent.
- Council has remained below the industry benchmark in the current and prior periods.
- This ratio is sourced from information contained in Council's Special Schedule 7 which has not been audited.



OTHER MATTERS

New accounting standards implemented

AASB 2016-2 'Disclosure Initiative - Amendments to AASB 107'

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017

This Standard requires entities to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes (both cash flows and non-cash changes) in liabilities arising from financing activities.

Council's disclosure of the changes in their liabilities arising from financing activities is disclosed in Note 1.

AASB 2016-4 'Recoverable Amount of Non-Cash Generating Specialised Assets of Not-for-Profit Entities' – Amendment to AASB 116 & 136

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017

This Standard amends AASB 116 and 136 to remove references to depreciated replacement cost as a measure of value in use for not-for-profit entities. Instead it is accepted that the recoverable amount of non-cash-generating specialised assets is expected to be materially the same as fair value.

Council's disclosure of the changes in their assets arising from amendments in the standard is disclosed in Note 1.



Legislative compliance

My audit procedures did not identify any instances of non-compliance with legislative requirements or a material deficiency in the Council's accounting records or financial reports. The Council's:

- accounting records were maintained in a manner and form to allow the general purpose financial statements to be prepared and effectively audited
- staff provided all accounting records and information relevant to the audit.

yn Jing

Reiky Jiang Director, Financial Audit Services

11 October 2018 SYDNEY

cc: Mr Daryl Hancock, General Manager
Mr Peter McLean, Chair of Audit, Risk and Improvement Committee

Mr Ian Graham, Corporate Services Manager

SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2018

"Committed to provide regional economic opportunity and lifestyle choices through provision of a quality water supply by innovative leadership showing environmental responsibility in cooperation with the community, constituent councils and governments"



Special Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

| Contents | Page |
|--|------|
| 1. Statement by Councillors and Management | 2 |
| 2. Special Purpose Financial Statements: | |
| Income Statement – Water Supply Business Activity | 3 |
| Statement of Financial Position – Water Supply Business Activity | 4 |
| 3. Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements | 5 |
| 4. Auditor's Report | 12 |
| ii i iaaiia. a i ia bai i | |

Background

- (i) These Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared for the use by both Council and the Office of Local Government in fulfilling their requirements under National Competition Policy.
- (ii) The principle of competitive neutrality is based on the concept of a 'level playing field' between persons/entities competing in a market place, particularly between private and public sector competitors.
 - Essentially, the principle is that government businesses, whether Commonwealth, state or local, should operate without net competitive advantages over other businesses as a result of their public ownership.
- (iii) For Council, the principle of competitive neutrality and public reporting applies only to declared business activities.
 - These include **(a)** those activities classified by the Australian Bureau of Statistics as business activities being water supply, sewerage services, abattoirs, gas production and reticulation, and **(b)** those activities with a turnover of more than \$2 million that Council has formally declared as a business activity (defined as Category 1 activities).
- (iv) In preparing these financial statements for Council's self-classified Category 1 businesses and ABS-defined activities, councils must (a) adopt a corporatisation model and (b) apply full cost attribution including tax-equivalent regime payments and debt guarantee fees (where the business benefits from Council's borrowing position by comparison with commercial rates).

Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Statement by Councillors and Management

made pursuant to the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting

The attached Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- the NSW Government Policy Statement 'Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government',
- the Division of Local Government Guidelines 'Pricing and Costing for Council Businesses –
 A Guide to Competitive Neutrality',
- the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting,
- the NSW Office of Water Best-Practice Management of Water and Sewerage Guidelines.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, these financial statements:

- present fairly the operating result and financial position for each of Council's declared business activities for the year, and
- · accord with Council's accounting and other records.

We are not aware of any matter that would render these statements false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 23 August 2018.

Dennis Palmer Chairman David McCann
Deputy Chairman

Darryl Hancock General Manager

DHanest

lan Graham
Responsible Accounting Officer

Income Statement of Council's Water Supply Business Activity for the year ended 30 June 2018

| \$ '000 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|---------|--------|
| Income from continuing operations | | |
| Access charges | 4,968 | 4,772 |
| User charges | 15,419 | 13,495 |
| Fees | 627 | 214 |
| Interest | 1,500 | 1,379 |
| Grants and contributions provided for non-capital purposes | 302 | 176 |
| Profit from the sale of assets | _ | 89 |
| Other income | 119 | 144 |
| Total income from continuing operations | 22,935 | 20,269 |
| Expenses from continuing operations | | |
| Employee benefits and on-costs | 7,028 | 5,978 |
| Materials and contracts | 2,346 | 2,176 |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment | 6,783 | 5,758 |
| Water purchase charges | 80 | 72 |
| Loss on sale of assets | 244 | _ |
| Calculated taxation equivalents | 30 | 30 |
| Other expenses | 4,716 | 3,320 |
| Total expenses from continuing operations | 21,227 | 17,334 |
| Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts | 1,708 | 2,935 |
| Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes | 2,009 | 876 |
| Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts | 3,717 | 3,811 |
| Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax | 3,717 | 3,811 |
| Less: corporate taxation equivalent (27.5%) [based on result before capital] | (470) | (881) |
| SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX | 3,247 | 2,931 |
| Plus opening retained profits | 87,610 | 83,726 |
| Plus/less: prior period adjustments – to eliminate tax equiv from Balance Sheet Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid: | _ | 43 |
| - Taxation equivalent payments | 30 | 30 |
| - Corporate taxation equivalent | 470 | 881 |
| Closing retained profits | 91,357 | 87,610 |
| Return on capital % | 0.7% | 1.2% |
| Subsidy from Council | 5,128 | 3,108 |
| Calculation of dividend payable: Surplus (deficit) after tax | 3,247 | 2,931 |
| Less: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions) | (2,009) | (876) |
| Surplus for dividend calculation purposes | 1,238 | 2,055 |
| Potential dividend calculated from surplus | 619 | 1,027 |

Statement of Financial Position – Council's Water Supply Business Activity as at 30 June 2018

| \$ '000 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|----------|----------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 1,151 | 6,129 |
| Investments | 12,000 | 27,000 |
| Receivables | 6,538 | 5,867 |
| Inventories | 540 | 637 |
| Other | 40 | 116 |
| Total current assets | 20,269 | 39,749 |
| Non-current assets | | |
| Investments | 36,000 | 14,000 |
| Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment | 259,936 | 253,898 |
| Total non-current assets | 295,936 | 267,898 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 316,205 | 307,647 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Bank overdraft | 13 | _ |
| Payables | 1,112 | 919 |
| Income received in advance | 159 | 777 |
| Provisions | 1,801 | 1,605 |
| Total current liabilities | 3,085 | 3,301 |
| Non-current liabilities | | |
| Payables | 2 | 2 |
| Provisions | 23 | 19 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 25 | 21 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 3,110 | 3,322 |
| NET ASSETS | 313,095 | 304,325 |
| EQUITY | | |
| EQUITY Accumulated surplus | 91,357 | 87,610 |
| Revaluation reserves | 221,738 | 216,715 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | 313,095 | 304,325 |
| TO TALE LOCATION | <u> </u> | 00-1,020 |

Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Contents of the notes accompanying the financial statements

| Note | Details | Page |
|------|--|------|
| 1 | Summary of significant accounting policies | 6 |
| 2 | Water Supply Business Best-Practice Management disclosure requirements | 10 |
| 3 | Sewerage Business Best-Practice Management disclosure requirements | n/a |

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 1. Significant accounting policies

A statement summarising the supplemental accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Special Purpose Financial Statements (SPFS) for National Competition Policy (NCP) reporting purposes follows.

These financial statements are SPFS prepared for use by Council and the Office of Local Government. For the purposes of these statements, the Council is a non-reporting not-for-profit entity.

The figures presented in these Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement criteria of relevant Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and Australian Accounting Interpretations.

The disclosures in these Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW), the Local Government (General) Regulation, and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

The statements are prepared on an accruals basis. They are based on historic costs and do not take into account changing money values or, except where specifically stated, current values of non-current assets. Certain taxes and other costs, appropriately described, have been imputed for the purposes of the National Competition Policy.

National Competition Policy

Council has adopted the principle of 'competitive neutrality' in its business activities as part of the National Competition Policy which is being applied throughout Australia at all levels of government.

The framework for its application is set out in the June 1996 NSW government policy statement titled 'Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government'.

The Pricing and Costing for Council Businesses, A Guide to Competitive Neutrality issued by the Office of Local Government in July 1997 has also been adopted.

The pricing and costing guidelines outline the process for identifying and allocating costs to activities and provide a standard for disclosure requirements.

These disclosures are reflected in Council's pricing and/or financial reporting systems and include taxation equivalents, Council subsidies, return on investments (rate of return), and dividends paid.

Declared business activities

In accordance with *Pricing and Costing for Council Businesses – A Guide to Competitive Neutrality,* Council has declared that the following are to be considered as business activities:

Category 1

(where gross operating turnover is over \$2 million)

Goldenfields Water County Council (whole of Council operation)

Supply water within the Local Government areas of Bland, Coolamon, Junee, Temora, and part of Narrandera, Hilltops Council and Cootamundra Gundagai Regional Council – excluding the provision of retail water distribution in Cootamundra Town and Hilltops Shire.

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Monetary amounts

Amounts shown in the financial statements are in Australian currency and rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, except for Note 2 (Water Supply Best-Practice Management Disclosures).

As required by Crown Lands and Water (CLAW), the amounts shown in Note 2 and Note 3 are disclosed in whole dollars.

(i) Taxation-equivalent charges

Council is liable to pay various taxes and financial duties. Where this is the case, they are disclosed as a cost of operations just like all other costs.

However, where Council does not pay some taxes which are generally paid by private sector businesses, such as income tax, these equivalent tax payments have been applied to all Council-nominated business activities and are reflected in Special Purpose Financial Statements.

For the purposes of disclosing comparative information relevant to the private sector equivalent, the following taxation equivalents have been applied to all Council-nominated business activities (this does not include Council's non-business activities):

Notional rate applied (%)

Corporate income tax rate – 27.5%

Land tax – the first \$629,000 of combined land values attracts **0%**. For the combined land values in excess of \$629,001 up to \$3,846,000 the rate is **1.6%** + **\$100**. For the remaining combined land value that exceeds \$3,846,000 a premium marginal rate of **2.0%** applies.

Payroll tax – **5.45**% on the value of taxable salaries and wages in excess of \$750,000.

In accordance with Crown Lands and Water (CLAW), a payment for the amount calculated as the annual tax equivalent charges (excluding income tax) must be paid from water supply.

The payment of taxation equivalent charges, referred to in the NSW Office of Water Guidelines to as a 'dividend for taxation equivalent', may be applied for any purpose allowed under the *Local Government Act,* 1993.

Achievement of substantial compliance to the NSW Office of Water Guidelines is not a prerequisite for the payment of the tax equivalent charges, however the payment must not exceed \$3 per assessment.

Income tax

An income tax equivalent has been applied on the profits of the business activities.

Whilst income tax is not a specific cost for the purpose of pricing a good or service, it needs to be taken into account in terms of assessing the rate of return required on capital invested.

Accordingly, the return on capital invested is set at a pre-tax level - gain/(loss) from ordinary activities before capital amounts, as would be applied by a private sector competitor. That is, it should include a provision equivalent to the corporate income tax rate, currently 27.5%.

Income tax is only applied where a gain/ (loss) from ordinary activities before capital amounts has been achieved.

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Since the taxation equivalent is notional – that is, it is payable to Council as the 'owner' of business operations - it represents an internal payment and has no effect on the operations of the Council. Accordingly, there is no need for disclosure of internal charges in the SPFS.

The rate applied of 27.5% is the equivalent company tax rate prevalent at reporting date. No adjustments have been made for variations that have occurred during the year.

Local government rates and charges

A calculation of the equivalent rates and charges payable on all category 1 businesses has been applied to all land assets owned or exclusively used by the business activity.

Loan and debt guarantee fees

The debt guarantee fee is designed to ensure that council business activities face 'true' commercial borrowing costs in line with private sector competitors.

In order to calculate a debt guarantee fee, Council has determined what the differential borrowing rate would have been between the commercial rate and Council's borrowing rate for its business activities.

(ii) Subsidies

Government policy requires that subsidies provided to customers, and the funding of those subsidies, must be explicitly disclosed.

Subsidies occur when Council provides services on a less-than-cost-recovery basis. This option is exercised on a range of services in order for Council to meet its community service obligations.

Accordingly, 'subsidies disclosed' (in relation to National Competition Policy) represents the difference between revenue generated from 'rate of return' pricing and revenue generated from prices set by Council in any given financial year.

The overall effect of subsidies is contained within the Income Statement of each reported business activity.

(iii) Return on investments (rate of return)

The NCP policy statement requires that councils with Category 1 businesses 'would be expected to generate a return on capital funds employed that is comparable to rates of return for private businesses operating in a similar field'.

Such funds are subsequently available for meeting commitments or financing future investment strategies.

The actual rate of return achieved by each business activity is disclosed at the foot of each respective Income Statement.

The rate of return is calculated as follows:

Operating result before capital income + interest expense

Written down value of I,PP&E as at 30 June

As a minimum, business activities should generate a return equal to the Commonwealth 10 year bond rate which is 2.63% at 30/6/18.

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(iv) Dividends

Council is not required to pay dividends to either itself (as owner of a range of businesses) or to any external entities.

Local government water supply businesses are permitted to pay an annual dividend from its water supply.

Each dividend must be calculated and approved in accordance with the DPIW guidelines and must not exceed:

- (i) 50% of this surplus in any one year, or
- (ii) the number of water supply assessments at 30 June 2018 multiplied by \$30 (less the payment for tax equivalent charges, not exceeding \$3 per assessment).

In accordance with the DPIW guidelines a Dividend Payment form, Statement of Compliance, Unqualified Independent Financial Audit Report and Compliance Audit Report are required to be submitted to the DPIW.

END OF AUDITED SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 2. Water supply business best-practice management disclosure requirements

| Dolla | rs amounts shown below are in whole dollars (unless otherwise indicated) | 2018 |
|---------------|--|-----------|
| | Iculation and payment of tax-equivalents | |
| | al government local water utilities must pay this dividend for tax equivalents] | 20,000 |
| (i) | Calculated tax equivalents | 30,000 |
| (ii) | Number of assessments multiplied by \$3/assessment | 33,327 |
| (iii) | Amounts payable for tax equivalents [lesser of (i) and (ii)] | 30,000 |
| (iv) | Amounts actually paid for tax equivalents | _ |
| 2. Div (i) | vidend from surplus 50% of surplus before dividends [calculated in accordance with Best-Practice Management for Water Supply and Sewerage Guidelines] | 619,150 |
| (ii) | Number of assessments multiplied by \$30/assessment, less tax equivalent charges/assessment | 303,270 |
| (iii) | Cumulative surplus before dividends for the 3 years to 30 June 2018, less the cumulative dividends paid for the 2 years to 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2016 | 7,245,000 |
| | 2018 Surplus 1,238,300 2017 Surplus 2,054,500 2016 Surplus 3,952,200 2017 Dividend - 2016 Dividend - | |
| (iv) | Maximum dividend from surplus [least of (i), (ii) and (iii) above] | 303,270 |
| (v) | Dividend actually paid from surplus [refer below for required pre-dividend payment criteria] | _ |
| (vi) | Are the overhead reallocation charges to the water business fair and reasonable? a | YES |
| | quired outcomes for 6 criteria eligible for the payment of a 'dividend from surplus', all the criteria below need a 'YES'] | |
| (i) | Completion of strategic business plan (including financial plan) | YES |
| (ii) | Full cost recovery, without significant cross subsidies [refer item 2 (a) in table 1 on page 22 of the Best-Practice Guidelines] | YES |
| | - Complying charges [item 2 (b) in table 1] | YES |
| | - DSP with commercial developer charges [item 2 (e) in table 1] | YES |
| /:::\ | - If dual water supplies, complying charges [item 2 (g) in table 1] Sound water conservation and demand management implemented. | YES |
| (iii) | Sound water conservation and demand management implemented | YES |
| (iv) | Sound drought management implemented Complete performance reporting form (to 45 Section by 201) | YES |
| (v) | Complete performance reporting form (by 15 September each year) | YES |
| (vi) | a. Integrated water cycle management evaluation | NO |
| | b. Complete and implement integrated water cycle management strategy | NO |

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Note 2. Water supply business best-practice management disclosure requirements (continued)

| Dollars am | Dollars amounts shown below are in whole dollars (unless otherwise indicated) 2018 | | | | | | | |
|------------|--|--------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| National \ | Water Initiative (NWI) financial performance indicators | | | | | | | |
| NWI F1 | Total revenue (water) Total income (w13) – grants for the acquisition of assets (w11a) – interest income (w9) – Aboriginal Communities W&S Program income (w10a) | \$'000 | 23,490 | | | | | |
| NWI F4 | Revenue from residential usage charges (water) Income from residential usage charges (w6b) x 100 divided by the sum of [income from residential usage charges (w6a) + income from residential access charges (w6b)] | % | 78.01% | | | | | |
| NWI F9 | Written down replacement cost of fixed assets (water) Written down current cost of system assets (w47) | \$'000 | 254,032 | | | | | |
| NWI F11 | Operating cost (OMA) (water) Management expenses (w1) + operational and maintenance expenses (w2) | \$'000 | 14,115 | | | | | |
| NWI F14 | Capital expenditure (water) Acquisition of fixed assets (w16) | \$'000 | 7,720 | | | | | |
| NWI F17 | Economic real rate of return (water) [total income (w13) – interest income (w9) – grants for acquisition of assets (w11a) – operating costs (NWI F11) – current cost depreciation (w3)] x 100 divided by [written down current cost of system assets (w47) + plant and equipment (w33b)] | % | 1.00% | | | | | |
| NWI F26 | Capital works grants (water) Grants for the acquisition of assets (w11a) | \$'000 | _ | | | | | |

Notes:

- 1. References to w (e.g. w12) refer to item numbers within Special Schedules 3 and 4 of Council's Annual Financial Statements.
- 2. The NWI performance indicators are based upon the National Performance Framework Handbook for Urban Performance Reporting Indicators and Definitions.
- a refer to 3.2 (2) on page 15 of the Best-Practice Management of Water Supply and Sewerage Guidelines, 2007



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the special purpose financial report Goldenfields Water County Council

To the Councillors of the Goldenfields Water County Council

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying special purpose financial report (the financial report) of the Goldenfields Water County Council's (the Council) Declared Business Activity, which comprise the Income Statement of the Declared Business Activity for the year ended 30 June 2018, the Statement of Financial Position of the Declared Business Activity as at 30 June 2018, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Business Activity declared by Council, and the Statement by Councillors and Management.

The Declared Business Activity of the Council is Water Supply Business Activity.

In my opinion, the financial report presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Council's declared Business Activity as at 30 June 2018, and its financial performance for the year then ended, in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards described in Note 1 and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting (LG Code).

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under the standards are described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report' section of my report.

I am independent of the Council in accordance with the requirements of the:

- Australian Auditing Standards
- Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 'Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants' (APES 110).

I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with APES 110.

Parliament promotes independence by ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as the auditor of councils
- precluding the Auditor-General from providing non-audit services.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

Without modifying my opinion, I draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the Council's financial reporting responsibilities under the LG Code. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose.

Other Information

Other information comprises the information included in the Council's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2018, other than the financial report and my Independent Auditor's Report thereon. The Councillors are responsible for the other information. At the date of this Independent Auditor's Report, the other information I have received comprise the general purpose financial statements.

My opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information. Accordingly, I do not express any form of assurance conclusion on the other information. However, as required by the *Local Government Act 1993*, I have separately expressed an opinion on the general purpose financial statements.

In connection with my audit of the financial report, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude there is a material misstatement of the other information, I must report that fact.

I have nothing to report in this regard.

The Councillors' Responsibilities for the Financial Report

The Councillors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report and for determining that the accounting policies, described in Note 1 to the financial report, are appropriate to meet the requirements in the LG Code. The Councillors' responsibility also includes such internal control as the Councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Councillors are responsible for assessing the Council's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless it is not appropriate to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

My objectives are to:

- obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- issue an Independent Auditor's Report including my opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions users take based on the financial report.

A description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. The description forms part of my auditor's report.

My opinion does not provide assurance:

- that the Council carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- on the best practice management disclosures in Notes 2 and 3 of the financial report
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited financial report on any website where it may be presented
- about any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial report.

Yn Jiag

Reiky Jiang Director, Financial Audit Services

11 October 2018 SYDNEY

SPECIAL SCHEDULES for the year ended 30 June 2018

"Committed to provide regional economic opportunity and lifestyle choices through provision of a quality water supply by innovative leadership showing environmental responsibility in cooperation with the community, constituent councils and governments"



Special Schedules

for the year ended 30 June 2018

| Contents | | Page |
|-----------------------------|--|------|
| Special Schedules 1 | | |
| Special Schedule 1 | Net Cost of Services | 2 |
| Special Schedule 2 | Permissible income for general rates | n/a |
| Special Schedule 2 | Independent Auditors Report | n/a |
| Special Schedule 3 | Water Supply Operations – incl. Income Statement | 4 |
| Special Schedule 4 | Water Supply – Statement of Financial Position | 7 |
| Notes to Special Schedule 3 | | 8 |
| Special Schedule 7 | Report on Infrastructure Assets | 9 |

Background

- (i) These Special Schedules have been designed to meet the requirements of special purpose users such as;
 - the NSW Grants Commission
 - the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS),
 - the NSW Office of Water (NOW), and
 - the Office of Local Government (OLG).
- (ii) The financial data is collected for various uses including;
 - the allocation of Financial Assistance Grants,
 - the incorporation of Local Government financial figures in national statistics,
 - the monitoring of loan approvals,
 - the allocation of borrowing rights, and
 - the monitoring of the financial activities of specific services.

¹ Special Schedules are not audited (with the exception of Special Schedule 2).

Special Schedule 1 – Net Cost of Services for the year ended 30 June 2018

\$'000

| Function or activity | Expenses from continuing | Incom continuing | Net cost of services | |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | operations | Non-capital | Capital | or services |
| Governance | _ | - | _ | _ |
| Administration | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Public order and safety | | | | |
| Fire service levy, fire protection, emergency services | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Beach control | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Enforcement of local government regulations | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Animal control | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Other | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total public order and safety | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total public order and salety | | | | |
| Health | _ | _ | _ | |
| Environment | | | | |
| Noxious plants and insect/vermin control | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Other environmental protection | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Solid waste management | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Street cleaning | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Drainage | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Stormwater management | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total environment | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Community services and education | | | | |
| Administration and education | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Social protection (welfare) | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Aged persons and disabled | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Children's services | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total community services and education | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | | | | |
| Housing and community amenities | | | | |
| Public cemeteries | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Public conveniences | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Street lighting | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Town planning | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Other community amenities | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total housing and community amenities | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Water supplies | 21,196 | 21,434 | 2,009 | 2,247 |
| Sewerage services | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | | | | |

Special Schedule 1 - Net Cost of Services (continued)

for the year ended 30 June 2018

\$'000

| Function or activity | Expenses from continuing | Incom continuing | e from operations | Net cost |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| · | operations | Non-capital | Capital | of services |
| Recreation and culture | | | | |
| Public libraries | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Museums | | | | |
| Art galleries | | | | |
| Community centres and halls | | _ | _ | _ |
| Performing arts venues | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Other performing arts | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Other cultural services | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Sporting grounds and venues | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Swimming pools | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Parks and gardens (lakes) | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Other sport and recreation | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total recreation and culture | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Fuel and energy | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Agriculture | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Mining, manufacturing and construction | | | | |
| Building control | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Other mining, manufacturing and construction | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total mining, manufacturing and const. | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | | | | |
| Transport and communication | | | | |
| Urban roads (UR) – local | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Urban roads – regional | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Sealed rural roads (SRR) – local | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Sealed rural roads (SRR) – regional | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Unsealed rural roads (URR) – local | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Unsealed rural roads (URR) – regional | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Bridges on UR – local Bridges on SRR – local | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Bridges on URR – local | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Bridges on regional roads | | | _ | |
| Parking areas | | | _ | |
| Footpaths | | _ | _ | |
| Aerodromes | | | _ | |
| Other transport and communication | | | _ | |
| Total transport and communication | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Economic affairs | | | | |
| Camping areas and caravan parks | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Other economic affairs | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Total economic affairs | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Totals – functions | 21,196 | 21,434 | 2,009 | 2,247 |
| General purpose revenues (1) | _ | 1,500 | _ | 1,500 |
| Share of interests – joint ventures and | | | | |
| associates using the equity method | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| NET OPERATING RESULT (2) | 21,196 | 22,934 | 2,009 | 3,747 |
| | tia_excluding water and sew | | - | • |

⁽¹⁾ Includes: rates and annual charges (including ex gratia, excluding water and sewer), non-capital general purpose (2) As reported in the Income Statement grants, interest on investments (excluding externally restricted assets) and interest on overdue rates and annual charges

Special Schedule 3 — Water Supply Income Statement Includes all internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis for the year ended 30 June 2018

| \$'00 | 00 | 2018 | 2017 |
|-------|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| Α | Expenses and income Expenses | | |
| 1. | Management expenses a. Administration b. Engineering and supervision | 3,092 2,648 | 2,393 2,393 |
| 2. | Operation and maintenance expenses | | |
| | Mains a. Operation expenses b. Maintenance expenses Reservoirs c. Operation expenses | 796 1,512 85 | 699 1,183 51 |
| | d. Maintenance expenses | 209 | 205 |
| | Pumping stations e. Operation expenses (excluding energy costs) f. Energy costs g. Maintenance expenses | 55 3,107 472 | 48 2,058 619 |
| | Treatment h. Operation expenses (excluding chemical costs) i. Chemical costs j. Maintenance expenses | 578 398 329 | 443 371 229 |
| | Otherk. Operation expensesI. Maintenance expensesm. Purchase of water | 158 597 80 | 192 572 72 |
| 3. | Depreciation expenses a. System assets b. Plant and equipment | 6,097 687 | 5,065 693 |
| 4. | Miscellaneous expenses a. Other expenses | 53 | 18 |
| 5. | Total expenses | 20,952 | 17,304 |

Special Schedule 3 – Water Supply Income Statement (continued) Includes all internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis

for the year ended 30 June 2018

| \$'000 | | 2018 | 2017 |
|--------------|--|--------|--------|
| Incom | е | | |
| 6. Reside | ntial charges | | |
| | ss (including rates) | 1,335 | 1,261 |
| b. Usag | e charges | 4,735 | 4,212 |
| 7. Non-res | sidential charges | | |
| a. Acce | ss (including rates) | 3,632 | 3,511 |
| b. Usag | e charges | 10,684 | 9,283 |
| 8. Extra c | harges | 47 | 52 |
| 9. Interest | t income | 1,453 | 1,327 |
| 10. Other in | ncome | 830 | 380 |
| 11. Grants | | | |
| a. Gran | ts for pensioner rebates | 84 | 94 |
| b. Other | r grants | 60 | _ |
| 12. Contrib | outions | | |
| a. Deve | loper charges | 2,009 | 876 |
| b. Other | r contributions | 74 | 60 |
| 13. Total in | ncome | 24,943 | 21,056 |
| 14. Gain (o | r loss) on disposal of assets | (244) | 89 |
| 15. Operati | ing result | 3,747 | 3,841 |
| - | | | · |
| 15a. Operati | ing result (less grants for acquisition of assets) | 3,747 | 3,841 |

Special Schedule 3 — Water Supply Income Statement (continued) Includes all internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis for the year ended 30 June 2018

| \$'00 | 0 | | 2 | 2018 | | 2017 |
|-------|---|----|-----|-----------------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| В | Capital transactions Non-operating expenditures | | | | | |
| 16. | Acquisition of fixed assets a. New assets for growth b. Renewals c. Plant and equipment | | 2, | 959 426 335 | 1 | ,410 ,263 ,624 |
| 17. | Totals | | 7, | 720 | 5 | ,297 |
| | Non-operating funds employed | | | | | |
| 18. | Proceeds from disposal of assets | | | 688 | 1 | ,791 |
| 19. | Totals | _ | | 688 | 1 | ,791 |
| С | Rates and charges | | | | | |
| 20. | Number of assessments a. Residential (occupied) b. Residential (unoccupied, ie. vacant lot) c. Non-residential (occupied) d. Non-residential (unoccupied, ie. vacant lot) | | | 666 83 360 – | | ,615 65 ,425 – |
| 21. | Number of ETs for which developer charges were received | | 129 | ET | 67 | ET |
| 22. | Total amount of pensioner rebates (actual dollars) | \$ | 84, | 352 | \$ 171 | ,748 |

Special Schedule 4 – Water Supply Statement of Financial Position Includes internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis

as at 30 June 2018

| \$'00 | 0 | Current | Non-current | Total |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------|------------------|--|
| 23. | ASSETS Cash and investments a. Accrued leave b. Other | – 13,151 | 1,610 34,390 | 1,610 47,541 |
| 24. | Receivables a. Rates and availability charges b. User charges c. Other | 1,388 3,867 1,283 | - - - | 1,388 3,867 1,283 |
| 25. | Inventories | 540 | _ | 540 |
| 26. | Property, plant and equipment a. System assets b. Plant and equipment | _ _ | 254,032 5,904 | 254,032 5,904 |
| 27. | Other assets | 40 | _ | 40 |
| 28. | Total assets | 20,269 | 295,936 | 316,205 |
| 29. 30. | LIABILITIES Bank overdraft Creditors | 13 1,271 | - 2 | 13 1,273 |
| 31. | Provisions a. Other | 1,801 | 23 | 1,824 |
| 32. | Total liabilities | 3,085 | 25 | 3,110 |
| 33. | NET ASSETS COMMITTED | 17,184 | 295,911 | 313,095 |
| 34. 35. 36. | EQUITY Accumulated surplus Asset revaluation reserve TOTAL EQUITY | | - | 91,357 221,738 313,095 |
| 37. 38. 39. | Note to system assets: Current replacement cost of system assets Accumulated current cost depreciation of system assets Written down current cost of system assets | | - | 432,163 (178,131) 254,032 |

Notes to Special Schedule 3

for the year ended 30 June 2018

Administration (1)

(item 1a of Special Schedule 3) comprises the following:

- Administration staff:
 - Salaries and allowance
 - Travelling expenses
 - Accrual of leave entitlements
 - Employment overheads.
- Meter reading
- Bad and doubtful debts
- Other administrative/corporate support services

Engineering and supervision (1)

(item 1b of Special Schedule 3) comprises the following:

- Engineering staff:
 - Salaries and allowance
 - Travelling expenses
 - Accrual of leave entitlements
 - Employment overheads.
- Other technical and supervision staff:
 - Salaries and allowance
 - Travelling expenses
 - Accrual of leave entitlements
 - Employment overheads.

Operational expenses (item 2 of Special Schedule 3) comprise the day to day operational expenses excluding maintenance expenses.

Maintenance expenses (item 2 of Special Schedule 3) comprise the day to day repair and maintenance expenses. (Refer to Section 5 of the Local Government Asset Accounting Manual regarding capitalisation principles and the distinction between capital and maintenance expenditure).

Other expenses (item 4c of Special Schedule 3) includes all expenses not recorded elsewhere.

Revaluation decrements (item 4b of Special Schedule 3) is to be used when I,PP&E decreases in FV.

Impairment losses (item 4d and 4e of Special Schedule 3) are to be used when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount (refer to page D-31).

Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program (item 4f of Special Schedule 3) is to be used when operation and maintenance work has been undertaken on behalf of the Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program. Similarly, income for item 11a of Special Schedule 3 is for services provided to the Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program and is not part of Council's water supply and sewerage revenue.

Residential charges ⁽²⁾ (items 6a, 6b and item 6 of Special Schedule 3) include all income from residential charges. Item 6 of Schedule 3 should be separated into 6a access charges (including rates if applicable) and 6b usage charges.

Non-residential charges ⁽²⁾ (items 7a, 7b of Special Schedule 3) include all income from non-residential charges separated into 7a access charges (including rates if applicable) and 7b usage charges.

Other income (items 10 and 11 of Special Schedule 3) include all income not recorded elsewhere.

Other contributions (items 12c and 13c of Special Schedule 3) including capital contributions for water supply received by Council under Section 565 of the *Local Government Act*.

Notes:

- (1) Administration and engineering costs for the development of capital works projects should be reported as part of the capital cost of the project and not as part of the recurrent expenditure (ie. in item 16 for water supply and **not** in items 1a and 1b).
- (2) To enable accurate reporting of **residential revenue from usage charges**, it is essential for councils to accurately separate their residential (item 6) charges and non-residential (item 7) charges.

Special Schedule 7 – Report on Infrastructure Assets as at 30 June 2018

\$'000

| | | Estimated cost to bring assets to satisfactory | | | | Net carrying | Gross replacement | | | on as a pe lacement o | _ | of gross |
|--------------|----------------------|--|---------------------------|-------|-------------|--------------|----------------------|-------|-------|--------------------------|------|----------|
| Asset class | Asset category | standard | service set by Council | | maintenance | amount | cost (GRC) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | Council Office | _ | _ | 10 | 7 | 1,686 | 2,109 | 95% | 0% | 5% | 0% | 0% |
| | Council Works Depots | _ | _ | 53 | 44 | 2,157 | 2,787 | 91% | 3% | 2% | 3% | 0% |
| | Council Houses | _ | - | 1 | 1 | 779 | 1,678 | 19% | 36% | 45% | 0% | 0% |
| | Sub-total | - | _ | 64 | 52 | 4,622 | 6,574 | 74.0% | 10.4% | 14.1% | 1.4% | 0.0% |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water supply | Mains | 17,285 | 28,144 | 2,180 | 3,315 | 149,619 | 286,837 | 24% | 35% | 25% | 9% | 8% |
| network | Reservoirs | 94 | 667 | 139 | 209 | 37,481 | 82,862 | 39% | 54% | 5% | 0% | 1% |
| | Pumping Stations | _ | 525 | 400 | 410 | 9,296 | 21,927 | 26% | 59% | 15% | 1% | 0% |
| | Treatment | _ | 137 | 193 | 389 | 17,134 | 22,666 | 72% | 24% | 4% | 0% | 0% |
| | Bores | _ | 11 | _ | _ | 1,823 | 2,817 | 30% | 67% | 3% | 0% | 0% |
| | Sub-total | 17,379 | 29,484 | 2,912 | 4,323 | 241,237 | 417,109 | 29.6% | 39.4% | 19.3% | 6.2% | 5.5% |
| | TOTAL – ALL ASSETS | 17,379 | 29,484 | 2,976 | 4,375 | 245,859 | 423,683 | 30.3% | 39.0% | 19.2% | 6.1% | 5.4% |

Notes:

a Required maintenance is the amount identified in Council's asset management plans.

Infrastructure asset condition assessment 'key'

Excellent/very good No work required (normal maintenance)Good Only minor maintenance work required

3 Satisfactory Maintenance work required

4 Poor Renewal required

5 Very poor Urgent renewal/upgrading required

Special Schedule 7 - Report on Infrastructure Assets (continued)

for the year ended 30 June 2018

| | Amounts | Indicator | or Prior periods | | Benchmark |
|---|-----------------------|-----------|------------------|---------|-----------|
| | 2018 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | |
| Infrastructure asset performance indicator consolidated | rs * | | | | |
| 1. Buildings and infrastructure renewals ratio Asset renewals (2) Depreciation, amortisation and impairment | <u>2,560</u> 5,994 | 42.71% | 22.77% | 16.76% | >= 100% |
| 2. Infrastructure backlog ratio Estimated cost to bring assets to a satisfactory standard Net carrying amount of infrastructure assets | 17,379 245,859 | 7.07% | 4.42% | 1.66% | < 2.00% |
| 3. Asset maintenance ratio Actual asset maintenance Required asset maintenance | <u>4,375</u> 2,976 | 147.01% | 105.18% | 100.00% | > 100% |
| 4. Cost to bring assets to agreed service level Estimated cost to bring assets to an agreed service level set by Council Gross replacement cost | 29,484 423,683 | 6.96% | 0.62% | 0.00% | |

Notes

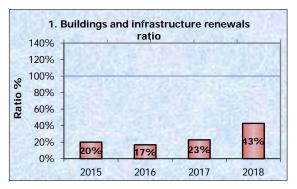
^{*} All asset performance indicators are calculated using the asset classes identified in the previous table.

⁽¹⁾ Excludes Work In Progress (WIP)

⁽²⁾ Asset renewals represent the replacement and/or refurbishment of existing assets to an equivalent capacity/performance as opposed to the acquisition of new assets (or the refurbishment of old assets) that increases capacity/performance.

Special Schedule 7 – Report on Infrastructure Assets (continued)

for the year ended 30 June 2018



Purpose of asset renewals ratio

To assess the rate at which these assets are being renewed relative to the rate at which they are depreciating.

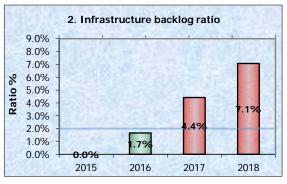
Commentary on 2017/18 result

2017/18 Ratio 42.71%

There was work still going on for work in progess that if completed would have increased this ratio

Benchmark: ——— Minimum >=100.00%

Source for benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #26



Purpose of infrastructure backlog ratio

This ratio shows what proportion the backlog is against the total value of a Council's infrastructure.



Ratio achieves benchmark Ratio is outside benchmark

Commentary on 2017/18 result

2017/18 Ratio 7.07%

The valuation of infrastructure backlog has been revisited and will be subject to further reviews along with asset management during 2018/19

Benchmark: ——— Maximum <2.00%

Source for benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #26



Purpose of asset maintenance ratio

Compares actual vs. required annual asset maintenance. A ratio above 100% indicates Council is investing enough funds to stop the infrastructure backlog growing.

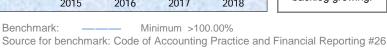


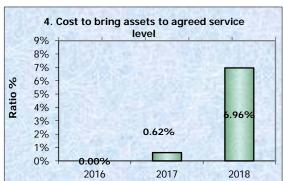
Ratio achieves benchmark Ratio is outside benchmark

Commentary on 2017/18 result

2017/18 Ratio 147.01%

There has been some one off write offs included in maintanance approx \$200K





Purpose of agreed service level ratio

This ratio provides a snapshot of the proportion of outstanding renewal works compared to the total value of assets under Council's care and stewardship.



Ratio achieves benchmark Ratio is outside benchmark

Commentary on 2017/18 result

2017/18 Ratio 6.96%

The agreed level of service has been revised and will be part of a review in Asset Management for 2018/19